

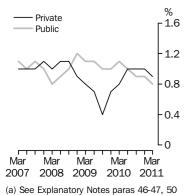
LABOUR PRICE INDEX

AUSTRALIA

EMBARGO: 11.30AM (CANBERRA TIME) WED 18 MAY 2011

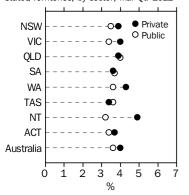
WPI—Quarterly changes: Trend(a)

Total hourly rates of pay excluding bonuses



WPI—Annual change: original

Total hourly rates of pay excluding bonuses States/Territories, by sector, Mar Qtr 2011



INQUIRIES

For further information about these and related statistics, contact the National Information and Referral Service on 1300 135 070 or Kathryn Parlor on Perth (08) 9360 5151.

KEY FIGURES

	Dec Qtr 2010 to Mar Qtr 2011	Mar Qtr 2010 to Mar Qtr 2011
	% change	% change
Wage Price Index (WPI)		
Total hourly rates of pay		
excluding bonuses		
Trend (a)		
Australia	(b) 1.0	4.0
Sector		
Private	0.9	4.0
Public	0.8	3.7
Original		
Australia	(b) 0.9	3.9
Sector		
Private	0.8	4.0
Public	0.8	3.6

- (a) See Explanatory notes paragraphs 46–47, 50.
- (b) See Explanatory notes paragraph 33.

KEY POINTS

TOTAL HOURLY RATES OF PAY EXCLUDING BONUSES

QUARTERLY CHANGE (DEC QTR 2010 TO MAR QTR 2011)

- The index for all employee jobs in Australia increased by 1.0%, in trend terms.
- The increase in indexes (in original terms) at the industry level ranged from 0.4% for Administrative and support services to 1.6% for Education and training.

ANNUAL CHANGE (MAR QTR 2010 TO MAR QTR 2011)

- The increase in the trend index through the year to March quarter 2011 for all employee jobs in Australia was 4.0%.
- Increases in the original indexes though the year to the March quarter 2011 at the industry level ranged from 3.1% for Rental, hiring and real estate services, Arts and recreation services and Other services to 4.6% for Mining and Professional, scientific and technical services.

NOTES

FORTHCOMING ISSUES ISSUE (Quarter) RELEASE DATE

 June 2011
 17 August 2011

 September 2011
 16 November 2011

 December 2011
 22 February 2012

 March 2012
 16 May 2012

IMPACT OF THE FLOODS AND CYCLONE YASI Extensive flooding began in late December 2010 in Queensland, and intensified in both Queensland and other states in January 2011. In early February 2011, Severe Tropical Cyclone Yasi crossed the North Queensland coast. Gale force winds, flooding rain and storm surges caused significant damage to areas in the storm's path.

The collection and processing of the labour price index data included in this publication were not disrupted by the floods and cyclone.

ABS DATA AVAILABLE ON REQUEST

Original indexes are compiled for various combinations of state/territory, sector and broad industry group. Indexes not included in this publication may be made available on request by telephoning Kathryn Parlor in Perth on (08) 9360 5151 or email labour.price.index@abs.gov.au.

DATA REFERENCES

Data referenced in the Key Points and Commentary are available from the tables shown in this publication or in the corresponding tables of this publication on the ABS website http://www.abs.gov.au.

ABBREVIATIONS

ABS Australian Bureau of Statistics

LPI labour price index WPI wage price index

Brian Pink

Australian Statistician

CONTENTS

Notes Comm TABLES OF WAGE PRICE INDEXES	page
INDE	XES OF TOTAL HOURLY RATES OF PAY EXCLUDING BONUSES
1	Sector: Original, seasonally adjusted and trend6
2	Australia, states and territories, all sectors: Original
3	Australia, states and territories, private sector: Original 8
4	Australia, states and territories, public sector: Original9
5	Sector by industry, index numbers: Original
6	Sector by industry, percentage changes: Original
INDE	XES OF HOURLY RATES OF PAY INCLUDING BONUSES
7	Sector: Original
INDE	XES OF ORDINARY TIME HOURLY RATES OF PAY EXCLUDING
BON	USES
8	Australia, states and territories: Original
9	Sector by industry, index numbers: Original
10	Sector by industry, percentage changes: Original
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION	
Expla	natory Notes
Appe	ndix 1: Distribution of expenditure on wages
Appe	ndix 2: Re-referencing the wage price index
Appe	ndix 3: Summary of non-wage and labour price indexes
Gloss	ary

COMMENTARY

WAGE PRICE INDEXES

Australia/Sector (trend)

In the March quarter 2011, the Private sector wage price index rose by 0.9% compared to 0.8% for the Public sector, with the All sectors index recording a quarterly movement of 1.0%. This was the third consecutive quarter in which the Private sector quarterly movement was greater than that for the Public sector.

The Public sector movement for the year through to the March quarter 2011 (3.7%) is below that of the Private sector (4.0%) for the first time since the December quarter 2008.

State/Territory (original)

The highest quarterly All sectors movement (1.2%) was recorded by the Northern Territory and the lowest quarterly movement (0.6%) was recorded by both Queensland and South Australia. Through the year increases ranged from 3.5% for Tasmania to 4.2% for the Northern Territory.

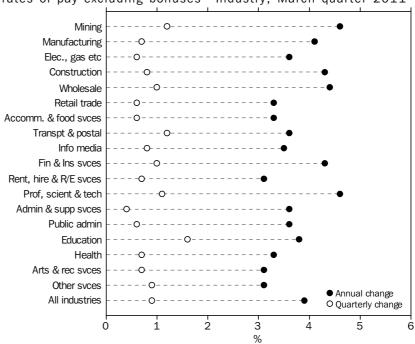
In the Private sector, only Queensland recorded a lower quarterly increase in the March quarter 2011 than in the March quarter 2010. The lowest quarterly increase in the Private sector in the March quarter 2011 was jointly recorded by Queensland and Tasmania (0.6%). The highest quarterly increase was recorded by both New South Wales and Western Australia (1.0%).

Through the year movements in the Private sector ranged from 3.4% for Tasmania to 4.9% for the Northern Territory. In Victoria, the Private sector through the year movement to the March quarter 2011 was 4.0%. This was the first time since the December quarter 2008 that a through the year movement has been 4.0% or above for this state.

Quarterly movements in the Public sector in the March quarter 2011 were equal to or greater than those in the Private sector for all states and territories, with the exception of South Australia and Western Australia. In the Public sector, Tasmania recorded the highest quarterly movement of all states and territories in the March quarter 2011 (2.1%) and Queensland recorded the highest through the year movement (4.0%). Queensland, South Australia and Western Australia jointly recorded the lowest quarterly movement (0.6%) and the Northern Territory the lowest through the year movement (3.2%).

State/Territory (original) continued

WPI—ANNUAL AND QUARTERLY CHANGES: ORIGINAL, Total hourly rates of pay excluding bonuses—Industry, March quarter 2011



Industry (original)

In the March quarter 2011, the highest All sectors quarterly movement was recorded by Education and training (1.6%) and the lowest quarterly movement was recorded by Administrative and support services (0.4%).

The All sectors through the year movements ranged from 3.1% for Rental, hiring and real estate services, Arts and recreation services and Other services, to 4.6% for Mining and Professional, scientific and technical services.

In the Private sector, Professional, scientific and technical services recorded the highest through the year movement to the March quarter 2011 (4.7%), and the lowest was recorded by both Rental, hiring and real estate services and Arts and recreation services (3.0%). All industries, with the exception of Education and training, recorded higher through the year movements to the March quarter 2011 than to the March quarter 2010.

In the Public sector, Education and training had both the highest quarterly and through the year movements to the March quarter 2011 (1.5% and 4.0%, respectively).

	ORIGINA	L		SEASONA	LLY ADJUS	STED(a)	TREND(b)	
Period	Private	Public A	II Sectors	Private	Public A	II Sectors	Private	Public A	III Sectors
• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • •	INI	DEX NUME	BERS(c)	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • •
2008					(0)				
March	96.6	96.5	96.6	96.6	96.4	96.5	96.6	96.4	96.6
June	97.6	97.0	97.5	97.8	97.3	97.7	97.7	97.3	97.6
September	98.7	98.3	98.6	98.7	98.2	98.6	98.8	98.3	98.7
December	99.8	99.7	99.8	99.7	99.6	99.7	99.7	99.5	99.6
2009	55.0	55.1	33.0	55.1	33.0	55.1	33.1	55.5	33.0
March	100.5	100.7	100.5	100.5	100.6	100.6	100.5	100.6	100.5
June	101.0	101.4	101.1	101.2	101.7	101.4	101.2	101.7	101.4
September	101.8	102.8	102.0	101.6	102.7	101.9	101.6	102.7	101.8
December	102.3	102.8	102.7	102.3	103.7	102.6	102.3	103.7	102.6
2010	102.0	100.0	102.1	102.0	100.7	102.0	102.0	100.1	102.0
March	103.1	105.0	103.6	103.2	104.9	103.6	103.1	104.8	103.5
June	103.8	105.4	104.2	104.0	105.8	104.4	104.1	105.8	104.5
September	105.4	106.9	105.7	105.2	106.8	105.5	105.1	106.8	105.5
December	106.3	107.9	106.6	106.2	107.8	106.6	106.2	107.8	106.5
2011									
March	107.2	108.8	107.6	107.2	108.7	107.5	107.2	108.7	107.6
	NGE FR	ом соғ	RRESPON	IDING QU	ARTER	OF PREV	/IOUS YE	AR (%)	• • • • • •
2009									
March	4.0	4.4	4.0	4.0	4.4	4.2	4.0	4.4	4.0
June	3.5	4.5	3.7	3.5	4.5	3.8	3.6	4.5	3.9
September	3.1	4.6	3.4	2.9	4.6	3.3	2.8	4.5	3.1
December	2.5	4.1	2.9	2.6	4.1	2.9	2.6	4.2	3.0
2010	0.0	4.0	0.4	0.7	4.0	2.0	0.0	4.0	0.0
March	2.6	4.3	3.1	2.7	4.3	3.0	2.6	4.2	3.0
June	2.8	3.9	3.1	2.8	4.0	3.0	2.9	4.0	3.1
September	3.5	4.0	3.6	3.5	4.0	3.5	3.4	4.0	3.6
December	3.9	3.9	3.8	3.8	4.0	3.9	3.8	4.0	3.8
2011 March	4.0	3.6	3.9	3.9	3.6	3.8	4.0	3.7	4.0
March	4.0	3.0	3.9	3.9	3.0	3.0	4.0	3.1	4.0
• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	CHAN	GE FRO	M PREVIO	US QU	ARTER (9	%)	• • • • • •	• • • • •
2009									
March	0.7	1.0	0.7	0.8	1.0	0.9	0.8	1.1	0.9
June	0.5	0.7	0.6	0.7	1.1	0.8	0.7	1.1	0.9
September	0.8	1.4	0.9	0.4	1.0	0.5	0.4	1.0	0.4
December	0.5	1.0	0.7	0.7	1.0	0.7	0.7	1.0	0.8
2010									
March	0.8	1.2	0.9	0.9	1.2	1.0	0.8	1.1	0.9
June	0.7	0.4	0.6	0.8	0.9	0.8	1.0	1.0	1.0
September	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.2	0.9	1.1	1.0	0.9	1.0
December	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	0.9	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.9
2011									
March	0.8	0.8	(d)0.9	0.9	0.8	8.0	0.9	0.8	(d)1.0

⁽a) See Explanatory notes paragraphs 38–45, 50. (c) Reference base of each index: 2008–09 = 100.0. (b) See Explanatory notes paragraphs 46–47, 50. (d) See Explanatory notes paragraph 33.



All Sectors: Original

Period	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Australian Capital Territory	Austra
• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • •		INDEX NU		• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • •
									_
2006–07	92.8	92.6	92.1	91.9	89.9	92.4	92.1	92.4	92
2007–08	96.4	96.2	96.0	96.2	95.1	95.9	95.7	96.3	96
008–09	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100
009–10	103.2	102.8	103.3	102.8	103.4	103.8	103.4	103.5	10:
800									
March	96.8	96.6	96.5	96.8	95.5	96.3	95.9	96.7	9
June	97.6	97.6	97.1	97.4	96.8	97.1	97.5	97.3	9
	98.7	98.7	98.6	98.5	98.1	98.5	98.3	98.6	9
September									
December	99.7	99.8	99.6	99.9	99.9	99.6	99.7	99.5	9
009	400 =	400 =	400.0	400.0	400 =	400 =	4000	400.0	
March	100.5	100.5	100.6	100.6	100.7	100.7	100.8	100.6	10
June	101.2	101.0	101.1	101.0	101.3	101.2	101.2	101.3	10
September	102.2	101.7	102.1	101.7	102.1	102.6	101.9	102.3	10
December	102.6	102.5	102.8	102.3	102.9	103.3	103.1	103.2	10
010									
March	103.6	103.2	103.7	103.2	103.7	104.3	103.9	104.0	10
June	104.2	103.7	104.4	103.9	104.7	104.9	104.6	104.3	10
September	105.8	105.3	106.1	105.1	106.0	105.9	105.9	106.2	10
December	106.5	106.2	107.1	106.3	107.0	106.7	107.0	107.0	10
011	100.0	100.2	101.1	100.0	101.0	100.1	101.0	101.0	
March	107.6	107.2	107.7	106.9	108.0	107.9	108.3	107.7	10
• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	СНА	NGE FROM		S FINANC		(%)	• • • • • • • •	• • • • •
007–08	3.9	3.9	4.2	4.7	5.8	3.8	3.9	4.2	
008-09	3.7	4.0	4.2	4.0	5.2	4.3	4.5	3.8	
008-09 009-10	3.7	2.8	3.3	2.8	3.4	3.8	3.4	3.5	
• • • • • • • • • •			CORRESP				OUS YEAR		• • • • •
									• • • • •
009	CHAN	GE FROM	1 CORRESP	ONDING	QUARTER	OF PREVIO	OUS YEAR	(%)	
009 March	CHAN (GE FROM	1 CORRESP 4.2	ONDING (QUARTER 5.4	OF PREVIO	OUS YEAR	4.0	
009 March June	3.8 3.7	GE FROM 4.0 3.5	4.2 4.1	3.9 3.7	QUARTER 5.4 4.6	0F PREVIO 4.6 4.2	OUS YEAR 5.1 3.8	4.0 4.1	
009 March June September	3.8 3.7 3.5	4.0 3.5 3.0	4.2 4.1 3.5	3.9 3.7 3.2	5.4 4.6 4.1	4.6 4.2 4.2	5.1 3.8 3.7	4.0 4.1 3.8	
March June September December	3.8 3.7	GE FROM 4.0 3.5	4.2 4.1	3.9 3.7	QUARTER 5.4 4.6	0F PREVIO 4.6 4.2	OUS YEAR 5.1 3.8	4.0 4.1	
March June September December	3.8 3.7 3.5 2.9	4.0 3.5 3.0 2.7	4.2 4.1 3.5 3.2	3.9 3.7 3.2 2.4	5.4 4.6 4.1 3.0	4.6 4.2 4.2 3.7	5.1 3.8 3.7 3.4	4.0 4.1 3.8 3.7	
March June September December 010 March	3.8 3.7 3.5 2.9	4.0 3.5 3.0 2.7	4.2 4.1 3.5 3.2	3.9 3.7 3.2 2.4 2.6	5.4 4.6 4.1 3.0 3.0	4.6 4.2 4.2 3.7 3.6	5.1 3.8 3.7 3.4 3.1	4.0 4.1 3.8 3.7	
March June September December 010 March June	3.8 3.7 3.5 2.9 3.1 3.0	4.0 3.5 3.0 2.7 2.7 2.7	4.2 4.1 3.5 3.2 3.1 3.3	3.9 3.7 3.2 2.4 2.6 2.9	5.4 4.6 4.1 3.0 3.0 3.4	4.6 4.2 4.2 3.7 3.6 3.7	5.1 3.8 3.7 3.4 3.1 3.4	4.0 4.1 3.8 3.7 3.4 3.0	
March June September December 010 March June September	3.8 3.7 3.5 2.9 3.1 3.0 3.5	4.0 3.5 3.0 2.7 2.7 2.7 3.5	4.2 4.1 3.5 3.2 3.1 3.3 3.9	3.9 3.7 3.2 2.4 2.6 2.9 3.3	5.4 4.6 4.1 3.0 3.0 3.4 3.8	4.6 4.2 4.2 3.7 3.6 3.7 3.2	5.1 3.8 3.7 3.4 3.1 3.4 3.9	4.0 4.1 3.8 3.7 3.4 3.0 3.8	
March June September December 010 March June	3.8 3.7 3.5 2.9 3.1 3.0	4.0 3.5 3.0 2.7 2.7 2.7	4.2 4.1 3.5 3.2 3.1 3.3	3.9 3.7 3.2 2.4 2.6 2.9	5.4 4.6 4.1 3.0 3.0 3.4	4.6 4.2 4.2 3.7 3.6 3.7	5.1 3.8 3.7 3.4 3.1 3.4	4.0 4.1 3.8 3.7 3.4 3.0	
March June September December 010 March June September December December	3.8 3.7 3.5 2.9 3.1 3.0 3.5	4.0 3.5 3.0 2.7 2.7 2.7 3.5	4.2 4.1 3.5 3.2 3.1 3.3 3.9	3.9 3.7 3.2 2.4 2.6 2.9 3.3	5.4 4.6 4.1 3.0 3.0 3.4 3.8	4.6 4.2 4.2 3.7 3.6 3.7 3.2	5.1 3.8 3.7 3.4 3.1 3.4 3.9	4.0 4.1 3.8 3.7 3.4 3.0 3.8	
March June September December 010 March June September December December	3.8 3.7 3.5 2.9 3.1 3.0 3.5	4.0 3.5 3.0 2.7 2.7 2.7 3.5 3.6	4.2 4.1 3.5 3.2 3.1 3.3 3.9 4.2	3.9 3.7 3.2 2.4 2.6 2.9 3.3 3.9	5.4 4.6 4.1 3.0 3.0 3.4 3.8 4.0	4.6 4.2 4.2 3.7 3.6 3.7 3.2 3.3	5.1 3.8 3.7 3.4 3.1 3.9 3.8 4.2	4.0 4.1 3.8 3.7 3.4 3.0 3.8 3.7	
March June September December 010 March June September December	3.8 3.7 3.5 2.9 3.1 3.0 3.5 3.8	4.0 3.5 3.0 2.7 2.7 2.7 3.5 3.6 3.9	4.2 4.1 3.5 3.2 3.1 3.3 3.9 4.2	20NDING (3.9 3.7 3.2 2.4 2.6 2.9 3.3 3.9 3.6	5.4 4.6 4.1 3.0 3.0 3.4 3.8 4.0	4.6 4.2 4.2 3.7 3.6 3.7 3.2 3.3 3.5	5.1 3.8 3.7 3.4 3.1 3.9 3.8 4.2	4.0 4.1 3.8 3.7 3.4 3.0 3.8 3.7	
March June September December 010 March June September December 011 March	3.8 3.7 3.5 2.9 3.1 3.0 3.5 3.8	4.0 3.5 3.0 2.7 2.7 2.7 3.5 3.6 3.9	4.2 4.1 3.5 3.2 3.1 3.3 3.9 4.2	20NDING (3.9 3.7 3.2 2.4 2.6 2.9 3.3 3.9 3.6	5.4 4.6 4.1 3.0 3.0 3.4 3.8 4.0	4.6 4.2 4.2 3.7 3.6 3.7 3.2 3.3 3.5	5.1 3.8 3.7 3.4 3.1 3.9 3.8 4.2	4.0 4.1 3.8 3.7 3.4 3.0 3.8 3.7	
March June September December 010 March June September December March March March March	3.8 3.7 3.5 2.9 3.1 3.0 3.5 3.8 3.9	4.0 3.5 3.0 2.7 2.7 2.7 3.5 3.6 3.9	4.2 4.1 3.5 3.2 3.1 3.3 3.9 4.2 3.9	2.6 2.9 3.3 3.3 3.9 3.6	5.4 4.6 4.1 3.0 3.4 3.8 4.0 4.1	4.6 4.2 4.2 3.7 3.6 3.7 3.2 3.3 3.5	5.1 3.8 3.7 3.4 3.1 3.4 3.9 3.8 4.2	4.0 4.1 3.8 3.7 3.4 3.0 3.8 3.7 3.6	
March June September December 010 March June September December Oth March March March March March March March	3.8 3.7 3.5 2.9 3.1 3.0 3.5 3.8 3.9	4.0 3.5 3.0 2.7 2.7 2.7 3.5 3.6 3.9	4.2 4.1 3.5 3.2 3.1 3.3 3.9 4.2 3.9 CHANGE FI	20 NDING (3.9 3.7 3.2 2.4 2.6 2.9 3.3 3.9 3.6 ***********************************	5.4 4.6 4.1 3.0 3.4 3.8 4.0 4.1	4.6 4.2 4.2 3.7 3.6 3.7 3.2 3.3 3.5 ARTER (%)	5.1 3.8 3.7 3.4 3.1 3.4 3.9 3.8 4.2	4.0 4.1 3.8 3.7 3.4 3.0 3.8 3.7 3.6	••••
March June September December 010 March June September December 011 March March March June December	3.8 3.7 3.5 2.9 3.1 3.0 3.5 3.8 3.9	4.0 3.5 3.0 2.7 2.7 2.7 3.5 3.6 3.9	4.2 4.1 3.5 3.2 3.1 3.3 3.9 4.2 3.9 CHANGE FI	20 NDING (3.9 3.7 3.2 2.4 2.6 2.9 3.3 3.9 3.6 ROM PREV 0.7 0.4	5.4 4.6 4.1 3.0 3.4 3.8 4.0 4.1 ***********************************	4.6 4.2 4.2 3.7 3.6 3.7 3.2 3.3 3.5 ARTER (%)	5.1 3.8 3.7 3.4 3.1 3.4 3.9 3.8 4.2	4.0 4.1 3.8 3.7 3.4 3.0 3.8 3.7 3.6	• • • • •
March June September December 010 March June September December 011 March March March June September	3.8 3.7 3.5 2.9 3.1 3.0 3.5 3.8 3.9	4.0 3.5 3.0 2.7 2.7 2.7 3.5 3.6 3.9	4.2 4.1 3.5 3.2 3.1 3.3 3.9 4.2 3.9 CHANGE FI	20 NDING (3.9 3.7 3.2 2.4 2.6 2.9 3.3 3.9 3.6 ROM PREV 0.7 0.4 0.7	5.4 4.6 4.1 3.0 3.4 3.8 4.0 4.1 ***********************************	4.6 4.2 4.2 3.7 3.6 3.7 3.2 3.3 3.5 ARTER (%)	5.1 3.8 3.7 3.4 3.1 3.4 3.9 3.8 4.2	4.0 4.1 3.8 3.7 3.4 3.0 3.8 3.7 3.6	• • • •
March June September December 010 March June September December 011 March March March June September 020 March June September December	3.8 3.7 3.5 2.9 3.1 3.0 3.5 3.8 3.9	4.0 3.5 3.0 2.7 2.7 2.7 3.5 3.6 3.9	4.2 4.1 3.5 3.2 3.1 3.3 3.9 4.2 3.9 CHANGE FI	20 NDING (3.9 3.7 3.2 2.4 2.6 2.9 3.3 3.9 3.6 ROM PREV 0.7 0.4	5.4 4.6 4.1 3.0 3.4 3.8 4.0 4.1 ***********************************	4.6 4.2 4.2 3.7 3.6 3.7 3.2 3.3 3.5 ARTER (%)	5.1 3.8 3.7 3.4 3.1 3.4 3.9 3.8 4.2	4.0 4.1 3.8 3.7 3.4 3.0 3.8 3.7 3.6	• • • •
March June September December O10 March June September December O11 March March March June September O10 March June September O10	3.8 3.7 3.5 2.9 3.1 3.0 3.5 3.8 3.9	4.0 3.5 3.0 2.7 2.7 2.7 3.5 3.6 3.9 0.7 0.5 0.7	4.2 4.1 3.5 3.2 3.1 3.3 3.9 4.2 3.9 CHANGE FI	20 NDING (3.9 3.7 3.2 2.4 2.6 2.9 3.3 3.9 3.6 ROM PREV 0.7 0.4 0.7 0.6	5.4 4.6 4.1 3.0 3.4 3.8 4.0 4.1 TOUS QUA 0.8 0.6 0.8 0.8	4.6 4.2 4.2 3.7 3.6 3.7 3.2 3.3 3.5 ARTER (%)	5.1 3.8 3.7 3.4 3.1 3.4 3.9 3.8 4.2	4.0 4.1 3.8 3.7 3.4 3.0 3.8 3.7 3.6	• • • •
March June September December 010 March June September December 011 March 009 March June September December 010 March June March June March June March June March June March March March March	3.8 3.7 3.5 2.9 3.1 3.0 3.5 3.8 3.9 0.8 0.7 1.0 0.4	4.0 3.5 3.0 2.7 2.7 2.7 3.5 3.6 3.9 0.7 0.8 0.7	4.2 4.1 3.5 3.2 3.1 3.3 3.9 4.2 3.9 CHANGE FI 1.0 0.5 1.0 0.7	20 NDING (3.9 3.7 3.2 2.4 2.6 2.9 3.3 3.9 3.6 ROM PREV 0.7 0.4 0.7 0.6 0.9	5.4 4.6 4.1 3.0 3.0 3.4 3.8 4.0 4.1 TOUS QUA 0.8 0.8 0.8	4.6 4.2 4.2 3.7 3.6 3.7 3.2 3.3 3.5 ARTER (%) 1.1 0.5 1.4 0.7	5.1 3.8 3.7 3.4 3.1 3.4 3.9 3.8 4.2	4.0 4.1 3.8 3.7 3.4 3.0 3.8 3.7 3.6	• • • •
March June September December 010 March June September December 011 March March June September 010 March June September June September June September December December June June September December June June June	3.8 3.7 3.5 2.9 3.1 3.0 3.5 3.8 3.9 0.8 0.7 1.0 0.4 1.0 0.6	4.0 3.5 3.0 2.7 2.7 2.7 3.5 3.6 3.9 0.7 0.8 0.7 0.5	4.2 4.1 3.5 3.2 3.1 3.3 3.9 4.2 3.9 CHANGE FI 1.0 0.5 1.0 0.7	20 NDING (3.9 3.7 3.2 2.4 2.6 2.9 3.3 3.9 3.6 ROM PREV 0.7 0.4 0.7 0.6 0.9 0.7	5.4 4.6 4.1 3.0 3.0 3.4 3.8 4.0 4.1 10US QUA 0.8 0.8 0.8 0.8	4.6 4.2 4.2 3.7 3.6 3.7 3.2 3.3 3.5 ARTER (%) 1.1 0.5 1.4 0.7 1.0 0.6	5.1 3.8 3.7 3.4 3.1 3.4 3.9 3.8 4.2 1.1 0.4 0.7 1.2 0.8 0.7	4.0 4.1 3.8 3.7 3.4 3.0 3.8 3.7 3.6	• • • • •
March June September December O10 March June September December O11 March March June September O10 March June March June March June March June March June March March March March March March	3.8 3.7 3.5 2.9 3.1 3.0 3.5 3.8 3.9 0.8 0.7 1.0 0.4	4.0 3.5 3.0 2.7 2.7 2.7 3.5 3.6 3.9 0.7 0.8 0.7	4.2 4.1 3.5 3.2 3.1 3.3 3.9 4.2 3.9 CHANGE FI 1.0 0.5 1.0 0.7	20 NDING (3.9 3.7 3.2 2.4 2.6 2.9 3.3 3.9 3.6 ROM PREV 0.7 0.4 0.7 0.6 0.9	5.4 4.6 4.1 3.0 3.0 3.4 3.8 4.0 4.1 TOUS QUA 0.8 0.8 0.8	4.6 4.2 4.2 3.7 3.6 3.7 3.2 3.3 3.5 ARTER (%) 1.1 0.5 1.4 0.7	5.1 3.8 3.7 3.4 3.1 3.4 3.9 3.8 4.2	4.0 4.1 3.8 3.7 3.4 3.0 3.8 3.7 3.6	• • • •
March June September December O10 March June September December O11 March March June September O10 March June September June March June September December O10 March June	3.8 3.7 3.5 2.9 3.1 3.0 3.5 3.8 3.9 0.8 0.7 1.0 0.4 1.0 0.6	4.0 3.5 3.0 2.7 2.7 2.7 3.5 3.6 3.9 0.7 0.8 0.7 0.5	4.2 4.1 3.5 3.2 3.1 3.3 3.9 4.2 3.9 CHANGE FI 1.0 0.5 1.0 0.7	20 NDING (3.9 3.7 3.2 2.4 2.6 2.9 3.3 3.9 3.6 ROM PREV 0.7 0.4 0.7 0.6 0.9 0.7	5.4 4.6 4.1 3.0 3.0 3.4 3.8 4.0 4.1 10US QUA 0.8 0.8 0.8 0.8	4.6 4.2 4.2 3.7 3.6 3.7 3.2 3.3 3.5 ARTER (%) 1.1 0.5 1.4 0.7 1.0 0.6	5.1 3.8 3.7 3.4 3.1 3.4 3.9 3.8 4.2 1.1 0.4 0.7 1.2 0.8 0.7	4.0 4.1 3.8 3.7 3.4 3.0 3.8 3.7 3.6	• • • •
March June September December O10 March June September December O11 March March March March March March June September O10 March June September December O10 March June September	CHANG 3.8 3.7 3.5 2.9 3.1 3.0 3.5 3.8 3.9 0.8 0.7 1.0 0.4 1.0 0.6 1.5	4.0 3.5 3.0 2.7 2.7 2.7 3.5 3.6 3.9 0.7 0.8 0.7 0.8	4.2 4.1 3.5 3.2 3.1 3.3 3.9 4.2 3.9 4.2 3.9 CHANGE FI 1.0 0.5 1.0 0.7 0.7	3.9 3.7 3.2 2.4 2.6 2.9 3.3 3.9 3.6 ROM PREV 0.7 0.4 0.7 0.6 0.9 0.7 1.2	0.8 0.8 0.8 0.8 0.8 1.0 0.2 4.1	4.6 4.2 4.2 3.7 3.6 3.7 3.2 3.3 3.5 ARTER (%) 1.1 0.5 1.4 0.7 1.0 0.6 1.0	5.1 3.8 3.7 3.4 3.1 3.4 3.9 3.8 4.2 	4.0 4.1 3.8 3.7 3.4 3.0 3.8 3.7 3.6 	••••

⁽a) Reference base of each index: 2008-09 = 100.0.



Private Sector: Original

Period	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Australian Capital Territory	Austra
			-				,		
				INDEX NU					
2006–07	92.8	92.6	92.3	92.0	89.6	92.5	90.9	92.5	92
2007–08	96.3	96.3	96.0	96.4	95.2	96.0	95.6	96.1	96
2008–09	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100
2009–10	102.8	102.5	102.9	102.7	103.0	103.6	102.7	102.6	102
2008									
March	96.6	96.8	96.6	96.9	95.6	96.2	95.9	96.6	96
June	97.7	97.9	97.3	97.5	97.1	97.1	97.4	97.0	97
September	98.9	98.7	98.5	98.6	98.5	98.4	98.4	98.4	98
December	99.7	99.9	99.7	99.9	99.9	100.1	99.9	99.6	9
2009	00	00.0	001.	00.0	00.0	200.2	00.0	00.0	•
March	100.4	100.4	100.6	100.6	100.6	100.6	100.5	100.7	10
June	101.0	101.0	101.2	100.9	101.0	100.9	101.2	101.3	10
September	101.8	101.5	102.0	101.6	101.8	102.6	101.7	101.7	10
December	102.2	102.3	102.5	102.3	102.4	103.4	102.2	102.3	10
2010	102.2	102.0	202.0	102.0	2021	200	102.2	102.0	
March	103.2	102.9	103.2	103.0	103.3	104.0	103.0	102.9	10
June	103.9	103.4	103.9	103.7	104.3	104.5	104.0	103.4	10
September	105.3	105.2	105.5	105.1	105.6	106.0	105.5	105.1	10
December	106.1	106.1	106.6	106.0	106.6	106.9	107.0	106.0	10
2011	100.1	100.1	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	101.0	100.0	
March	107.2	107.0	107.2	106.7	107.7	107.5	108.0	106.7	10
• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •		NGE FROM					• • • • • • • •	• • • • •
2007–08	3.8	4.0	4.0	4.8	6.3	3.8	5.2	3.9	
2008-09	3.8	3.8	4.2	3.7	5.0	4.2	4.6	4.1	
2009-10	2.8	2.5	2.9	2.7	3.0	3.6	2.7	2.6	
			1 CORRESP						• • • • •
2009									
March	3.9	3.7	4.1	3.8	5.2	4.6	4.8	4.2	
June	3.4	3.2	4.0	3.5	4.0	3.9	3.9	4.4	
June September	3.4 2.9	3.2 2.8	4.0 3.6	3.5 3.0	4.0 3.4	3.9 4.3	3.9 3.4	4.4 3.4	
June September December	3.4	3.2	4.0	3.5	4.0	3.9	3.9	4.4	
June September December 2010	3.4 2.9 2.5	3.2 2.8 2.4	4.0 3.6 2.8	3.5 3.0 2.4	4.0 3.4 2.5	3.9 4.3 3.3	3.9 3.4 2.3	4.4 3.4 2.7	
June September December	3.4 2.9 2.5 2.8	3.2 2.8	4.0 3.6 2.8	3.5 3.0	4.0 3.4 2.5	3.9 4.3	3.9 3.4	4.4 3.4 2.7	
June September December 2010 March June	3.4 2.9 2.5 2.8 2.9	3.2 2.8 2.4 2.5 2.4	4.0 3.6 2.8 2.6 2.7	3.5 3.0 2.4	4.0 3.4 2.5 2.7 3.3	3.9 4.3 3.3 3.4 3.6	3.9 3.4 2.3 2.5 2.8	4.4 3.4 2.7 2.2 2.1	
June September December 010 March June September	3.4 2.9 2.5 2.8 2.9	3.2 2.8 2.4 2.5	4.0 3.6 2.8	3.5 3.0 2.4 2.4	4.0 3.4 2.5	3.9 4.3 3.3	3.9 3.4 2.3	4.4 3.4 2.7	
June September December 2010 March June September December	3.4 2.9 2.5 2.8 2.9	3.2 2.8 2.4 2.5 2.4	4.0 3.6 2.8 2.6 2.7	3.5 3.0 2.4 2.4 2.8	4.0 3.4 2.5 2.7 3.3	3.9 4.3 3.3 3.4 3.6	3.9 3.4 2.3 2.5 2.8	4.4 3.4 2.7 2.2 2.1	
June September December 2010 March June September December	3.4 2.9 2.5 2.8 2.9 3.4 3.8	3.2 2.8 2.4 2.5 2.4 3.6 3.7	4.0 3.6 2.8 2.6 2.7 3.4 4.0	3.5 3.0 2.4 2.4 2.8 3.4 3.6	4.0 3.4 2.5 2.7 3.3 3.7 4.1	3.9 4.3 3.3 3.4 3.6 3.3 3.4	3.9 3.4 2.3 2.5 2.8 3.7 4.7	4.4 3.4 2.7 2.2 2.1 3.3 3.6	
June September December 2010 March June September December 2011 March	3.4 2.9 2.5 2.8 2.9 3.4 3.8 3.9	3.2 2.8 2.4 2.5 2.4 3.6 3.7	4.0 3.6 2.8 2.6 2.7 3.4 4.0	3.5 3.0 2.4 2.4 2.8 3.4 3.6	4.0 3.4 2.5 2.7 3.3 3.7 4.1	3.9 4.3 3.3 3.4 3.6 3.3 3.4	3.9 3.4 2.3 2.5 2.8 3.7 4.7	4.4 3.4 2.7 2.2 2.1 3.3 3.6	
June September December 2010 March June September December 2011 March	3.4 2.9 2.5 2.8 2.9 3.4 3.8 3.9	3.2 2.8 2.4 2.5 2.4 3.6 3.7 4.0	4.0 3.6 2.8 2.6 2.7 3.4 4.0	3.5 3.0 2.4 2.4 2.8 3.4 3.6 3.6	4.0 3.4 2.5 2.7 3.3 3.7 4.1 4.3	3.9 4.3 3.3 3.4 3.6 3.3 3.4 3.4	3.9 3.4 2.3 2.5 2.8 3.7 4.7	4.4 3.4 2.7 2.2 2.1 3.3 3.6	
June September December 2010 March June September December 2011 March	3.4 2.9 2.5 2.8 2.9 3.4 3.8 3.9	3.2 2.8 2.4 2.5 2.4 3.6 3.7 4.0	4.0 3.6 2.8 2.6 2.7 3.4 4.0 3.9	3.5 3.0 2.4 2.4 2.8 3.4 3.6 3.6	4.0 3.4 2.5 2.7 3.3 3.7 4.1 4.3	3.9 4.3 3.3 3.4 3.6 3.3 3.4 3.4 ARTER (%)	3.9 3.4 2.3 2.5 2.8 3.7 4.7	4.4 3.4 2.7 2.2 2.1 3.3 3.6 3.7	• • • • •
June September December 2010 March June September December 2011 March	3.4 2.9 2.5 2.8 2.9 3.4 3.8 3.9	3.2 2.8 2.4 2.5 2.4 3.6 3.7 4.0	4.0 3.6 2.8 2.6 2.7 3.4 4.0 3.9	3.5 3.0 2.4 2.4 2.8 3.4 3.6 3.6	4.0 3.4 2.5 2.7 3.3 3.7 4.1 4.3	3.9 4.3 3.3 3.4 3.6 3.3 3.4 3.4	3.9 3.4 2.3 2.5 2.8 3.7 4.7	4.4 3.4 2.7 2.2 2.1 3.3 3.6	
June September December 2010 March June September December 2011 March	3.4 2.9 2.5 2.8 2.9 3.4 3.8 3.9	3.2 2.8 2.4 2.5 2.4 3.6 3.7 4.0	4.0 3.6 2.8 2.6 2.7 3.4 4.0 3.9	3.5 3.0 2.4 2.4 2.8 3.4 3.6 3.6	4.0 3.4 2.5 2.7 3.3 3.7 4.1 4.3	3.9 4.3 3.3 3.4 3.6 3.3 3.4 3.4 ARTER (%)	3.9 3.4 2.3 2.5 2.8 3.7 4.7	4.4 3.4 2.7 2.2 2.1 3.3 3.6 3.7	• • • • •
June September December 010 March June September December 011 March	3.4 2.9 2.5 2.8 2.9 3.4 3.8 3.9	3.2 2.8 2.4 2.5 2.4 3.6 3.7 4.0	4.0 3.6 2.8 2.6 2.7 3.4 4.0 3.9 CHANGE FF	3.5 3.0 2.4 2.4 2.8 3.4 3.6 3.6 *******************************	4.0 3.4 2.5 2.7 3.3 3.7 4.1 4.3	3.9 4.3 3.3 3.4 3.6 3.3 3.4 3.4 ARTER (%)	3.9 3.4 2.3 2.5 2.8 3.7 4.7 4.9	4.4 3.4 2.7 2.2 2.1 3.3 3.6 3.7	••••
June September December 010 March June September December 011 March	3.4 2.9 2.5 2.8 2.9 3.4 3.8 3.9	3.2 2.8 2.4 2.5 2.4 3.6 3.7 4.0	4.0 3.6 2.8 2.6 2.7 3.4 4.0 3.9 CHANGE FF	3.5 3.0 2.4 2.4 2.8 3.4 3.6 3.6 ROM PREV	4.0 3.4 2.5 2.7 3.3 3.7 4.1 4.3	3.9 4.3 3.3 3.4 3.6 3.3 3.4 3.4 3.4 4 ARTER (%)	3.9 3.4 2.3 2.5 2.8 3.7 4.7 4.9	4.4 3.4 2.7 2.2 2.1 3.3 3.6 3.7	••••
June September December 010 March June September December 011 March	3.4 2.9 2.5 2.8 2.9 3.4 3.8 3.9	3.2 2.8 2.4 2.5 2.4 3.6 3.7 4.0 0.5 0.6 0.5	4.0 3.6 2.8 2.6 2.7 3.4 4.0 3.9 CHANGE FF	3.5 3.0 2.4 2.4 2.8 3.4 3.6 3.6 0.7 0.7	4.0 3.4 2.5 2.7 3.3 3.7 4.1 4.3 10US QUA	3.9 4.3 3.3 3.4 3.6 3.3 3.4 3.4 3.4 4 ARTER (%)	3.9 3.4 2.3 2.5 2.8 3.7 4.7 4.9	4.4 3.4 2.7 2.2 2.1 3.3 3.6 3.7	••••
June September December 010 March June September December 011 March	3.4 2.9 2.5 2.8 2.9 3.4 3.8 3.9	3.2 2.8 2.4 2.5 2.4 3.6 3.7 4.0 0.5 0.6 0.5	4.0 3.6 2.8 2.6 2.7 3.4 4.0 3.9 CHANGE FF	3.5 3.0 2.4 2.4 2.8 3.4 3.6 3.6 0.7 0.7	4.0 3.4 2.5 2.7 3.3 3.7 4.1 4.3 10US QUA	3.9 4.3 3.3 3.4 3.6 3.3 3.4 3.4 3.4 4 ARTER (%)	3.9 3.4 2.3 2.5 2.8 3.7 4.7 4.9	4.4 3.4 2.7 2.2 2.1 3.3 3.6 3.7	• • • • •
June September December 010 March June September December 011 March	3.4 2.9 2.5 2.8 2.9 3.4 3.8 3.9 0.7 0.6 0.8 0.4	3.2 2.8 2.4 2.5 2.4 3.6 3.7 4.0 0.5 0.6 0.5 0.8	4.0 3.6 2.8 2.6 2.7 3.4 4.0 3.9 CHANGE FF 0.9 0.6 0.8 0.5	3.5 3.0 2.4 2.4 2.8 3.4 3.6 3.6 0.7 0.7 0.7	4.0 3.4 2.5 2.7 3.3 3.7 4.1 4.3 10US QUA	3.9 4.3 3.3 3.4 3.6 3.3 3.4 3.4 ARTER (%) 0.5 0.3 1.7 0.8	3.9 3.4 2.3 2.5 2.8 3.7 4.7 4.9 0.6 0.7 0.5 0.5	4.4 3.4 2.7 2.2 2.1 3.3 3.6 3.7 	• • • • •
June September December 2010 March June September December 2011 March	3.4 2.9 2.5 2.8 2.9 3.4 3.8 3.9 0.7 0.6 0.8 0.4 1.0	3.2 2.8 2.4 2.5 2.4 3.6 3.7 4.0 0.5 0.6 0.5 0.8	4.0 3.6 2.8 2.6 2.7 3.4 4.0 3.9 CHANGE FF 0.9 0.6 0.8 0.5	3.5 3.0 2.4 2.4 2.8 3.4 3.6 3.6 3.6 0.7 0.7 0.7	4.0 3.4 2.5 2.7 3.3 3.7 4.1 4.3 10US QUA 0.7 0.4 0.8 0.6	3.9 4.3 3.3 3.4 3.6 3.3 3.4 3.4 ARTER (%) 0.5 0.3 1.7 0.8	3.9 3.4 2.3 2.5 2.8 3.7 4.7 4.9 0.6 0.7 0.5 0.5 0.8	4.4 3.4 2.7 2.2 2.1 3.3 3.6 3.7 1.1 0.6 0.4 0.6 0.6	••••
June September December 2010 March June September December 2011 March June September December 2010 March June September December 2010 March June September December 2010 March June September December	3.4 2.9 2.5 2.8 2.9 3.4 3.8 3.9 0.7 0.6 0.8 0.4 1.0 0.7	3.2 2.8 2.4 2.5 2.4 3.6 3.7 4.0 0.5 0.6 0.5 0.8	4.0 3.6 2.8 2.6 2.7 3.4 4.0 3.9 CHANGE FF 0.9 0.6 0.8 0.5	3.5 3.0 2.4 2.4 2.8 3.4 3.6 3.6 3.6 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.7	4.0 3.4 2.5 2.7 3.3 3.7 4.1 4.3 10US QUA 0.7 0.4 0.8 0.6	3.9 4.3 3.3 3.4 3.6 3.3 3.4 3.4 ARTER (%) 0.5 0.3 1.7 0.8 0.6 0.5	3.9 3.4 2.3 2.5 2.8 3.7 4.7 4.9 0.6 0.7 0.5 0.5 0.8 1.0	4.4 3.4 2.7 2.2 2.1 3.3 3.6 3.7 1.1 0.6 0.4 0.6 0.5	• • • • •
June September December 2010 March June September December 2011 March June September 2010 March June September December 2010 March June September December 2010 March June September September	3.4 2.9 2.5 2.8 2.9 3.4 3.8 3.9 0.7 0.6 0.8 0.4 1.0 0.7 1.3	3.2 2.8 2.4 2.5 2.4 3.6 3.7 4.0 0.5 0.6 0.5 0.8	4.0 3.6 2.8 2.6 2.7 3.4 4.0 3.9 CHANGE FR 0.9 0.6 0.8 0.5 0.7 0.7	3.5 3.0 2.4 2.4 2.8 3.4 3.6 3.6 3.6 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.7	4.0 3.4 2.5 2.7 3.3 3.7 4.1 4.3 ***********************************	3.9 4.3 3.3 3.4 3.6 3.3 3.4 3.4 3.4 ARTER (%) 0.5 0.3 1.7 0.8 0.6 0.5 1.4	3.9 3.4 2.3 2.5 2.8 3.7 4.7 4.9 0.6 0.7 0.5 0.5 0.8 1.0 1.4	4.4 3.4 2.7 2.2 2.1 3.3 3.6 3.7 1.1 0.6 0.4 0.6 0.5 1.6	• • • • •

⁽a) Reference base of each index: 2008-09 = 100.0.



Public Sector: Original

Period	South	100	0 1 1	South	Western	.	Northern	Australian Capital	
	Wales	Victoria	Queensland	Australia	Australia	Tasmania	Territory	Territory	Austra
• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •			NDEX NU	MBERS (a)	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • •
2006–07	93.0	92.7	91.5	91.8	90.6	92.0	93.7	92.4	92
007-08	96.6	95.6	95.9	95.9	94.6	95.8	95.9	96.3	96
008–09	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	10
009–10	104.5	103.7	104.4	103.4	104.8	104.0	104.4	104.1	10
008									
March	97.3	95.9	96.3	96.9	95.1	96.5	95.8	96.7	9
June	97.4	96.6	96.7	97.1	95.9	97.1	97.6	97.4	9
September	98.2	98.4	98.8	98.0	97.0	98.6	98.1	98.7	9
December	99.7	99.8	99.5	99.7	100.0	98.8	99.6	99.5	9
009									
March	100.7	100.8	100.8	100.9	101.0	100.7	101.0	100.5	10
June	101.4	101.0	101.0	101.5	102.1	101.9	101.3	101.2	10
September	103.5	102.4	102.4	102.1	103.0	102.7	102.2	102.7	10
December	104.0	103.2	103.7	102.6	104.7	103.0	104.4	103.8	10
010									
March	105.2	104.5	105.3	103.9	105.3	104.8	105.4	104.8	10
June	105.3	104.7	106.0	104.8	106.3	105.5	105.5	105.0	10
September	107.4	105.5	107.9	105.3	107.4	105.8	106.4	106.9	10
December	107.7	107.0	108.9	107.1	108.5	106.4	107.0	107.6	10
011 March	108.9	108.1	109.5	107.7	109.1	108.6	108.8	108.4	10
Maion	100.5	100.1	100.0	101.1	105.1	100.0	100.0	100.4	
		CHAN	GE FROM	PREVIOU	S FINANC	CIAL YEAR	(%)		
007–08	3.9	3.1	4.8	4.5	4.4	4.1	2.3	4.2	
008–09	3.5	4.6	4.3	4.3	5.7	4.4	4.3	3.8	
009–10	4.5	3.7	4.4	3.4	4.8	4.0	4.4	4.1	
• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •		• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •		• • • • •
	CHAN	GE FROM	CORRESP	ONDING (QUARTER	OF PREVI	• • • • • • • •		• • • •
							OUS YEAR	(%)	• • • •
March	3.5	5.1	4.7	4.1	6.2	4.4	OUS YEAR	(%)	• • • •
March June	3.5 4.1	5.1 4.6	4.7 4.4	4.1 4.5	6.2 6.5	4.4 4.9	5.4 3.8	(%) 3.9 3.9	• • • •
March June September	3.5 4.1 5.4	5.1 4.6 4.1	4.7 4.4 3.6	4.1 4.5 4.2	6.2 6.5 6.2	4.4 4.9 4.2	5.4 3.8 4.2	(%) 3.9 3.9 4.1	
March June September December	3.5 4.1	5.1 4.6	4.7 4.4	4.1 4.5	6.2 6.5	4.4 4.9	5.4 3.8	(%) 3.9 3.9	• • • •
March June September December	3.5 4.1 5.4 4.3	5.1 4.6 4.1 3.4	4.7 4.4 3.6 4.2	4.1 4.5 4.2 2.9	6.2 6.5 6.2 4.7	4.4 4.9 4.2 4.3	5.4 3.8 4.2 4.8	(%) 3.9 3.9 4.1 4.3	• • • •
March June September December 010 March	3.5 4.1 5.4 4.3	5.1 4.6 4.1 3.4	4.7 4.4 3.6 4.2	4.1 4.5 4.2 2.9	6.2 6.5 6.2 4.7	4.4 4.9 4.2 4.3	5.4 3.8 4.2 4.8 4.4	(%) 3.9 3.9 4.1 4.3	
March June September December 010 March June	3.5 4.1 5.4 4.3 4.5 3.8	5.1 4.6 4.1 3.4 3.7 3.7	4.7 4.4 3.6 4.2 4.5 5.0	4.1 4.5 4.2 2.9 3.0 3.3	6.2 6.5 6.2 4.7 4.3 4.1	4.4 4.9 4.2 4.3 4.1 3.5	5.4 3.8 4.2 4.8 4.4 4.1	(%) 3.9 3.9 4.1 4.3 4.3 3.8	
March June September December 010 March June September	3.5 4.1 5.4 4.3 4.5 3.8 3.8	5.1 4.6 4.1 3.4 3.7 3.7 3.0	4.7 4.4 3.6 4.2 4.5 5.0 5.4	4.1 4.5 4.2 2.9 3.0 3.3 3.1	6.2 6.5 6.2 4.7 4.3 4.1 4.3	4.4 4.9 4.2 4.3 4.1 3.5 3.0	5.4 3.8 4.2 4.8 4.4 4.1 4.1	(%) 3.9 3.9 4.1 4.3 4.3 3.8 4.1	• • • •
March June September December 010 March June September December	3.5 4.1 5.4 4.3 4.5 3.8	5.1 4.6 4.1 3.4 3.7 3.7	4.7 4.4 3.6 4.2 4.5 5.0	4.1 4.5 4.2 2.9 3.0 3.3	6.2 6.5 6.2 4.7 4.3 4.1	4.4 4.9 4.2 4.3 4.1 3.5	5.4 3.8 4.2 4.8 4.4 4.1	(%) 3.9 3.9 4.1 4.3 4.3 3.8	
March June September December 010 March June September December	3.5 4.1 5.4 4.3 4.5 3.8 3.8	5.1 4.6 4.1 3.4 3.7 3.7 3.0	4.7 4.4 3.6 4.2 4.5 5.0 5.4	4.1 4.5 4.2 2.9 3.0 3.3 3.1	6.2 6.5 6.2 4.7 4.3 4.1 4.3	4.4 4.9 4.2 4.3 4.1 3.5 3.0	5.4 3.8 4.2 4.8 4.4 4.1 4.1	(%) 3.9 3.9 4.1 4.3 4.3 3.8 4.1	
June September December 010 March June September December 011 March	3.5 4.1 5.4 4.3 4.5 3.8 3.8 3.6	5.1 4.6 4.1 3.4 3.7 3.7 3.0 3.7 3.4	4.7 4.4 3.6 4.2 4.5 5.0 5.4 5.0	4.1 4.5 4.2 2.9 3.0 3.3 3.1 4.4	6.2 6.5 6.2 4.7 4.3 4.1 4.3 3.6	4.4 4.9 4.2 4.3 4.1 3.5 3.0 3.3	5.4 3.8 4.2 4.8 4.4 4.1 4.1 2.5 3.2	(%) 3.9 3.9 4.1 4.3 4.3 3.8 4.1 3.7	• • • •
March June September December 010 March June September December 011 March	3.5 4.1 5.4 4.3 4.5 3.8 3.8 3.6	5.1 4.6 4.1 3.4 3.7 3.7 3.0 3.7 3.4	4.7 4.4 3.6 4.2 4.5 5.0 5.4 5.0	4.1 4.5 4.2 2.9 3.0 3.3 3.1 4.4	6.2 6.5 6.2 4.7 4.3 4.1 4.3 3.6	4.4 4.9 4.2 4.3 4.1 3.5 3.0 3.3	5.4 3.8 4.2 4.8 4.4 4.1 4.1 2.5 3.2	(%) 3.9 3.9 4.1 4.3 4.3 3.8 4.1 3.7	• • • •
March June September December 010 March June September December 011 March	3.5 4.1 5.4 4.3 4.5 3.8 3.6 3.5	5.1 4.6 4.1 3.4 3.7 3.7 3.0 3.7 3.4	4.7 4.4 3.6 4.2 4.5 5.0 5.4 5.0 4.0	4.1 4.5 4.2 2.9 3.0 3.3 3.1 4.4 3.7	6.2 6.5 6.2 4.7 4.3 4.1 4.3 3.6 3.6	4.4 4.9 4.2 4.3 4.1 3.5 3.0 3.3 3.6	5.4 3.8 4.2 4.8 4.4 4.1 4.1 2.5 3.2	(%) 3.9 3.9 4.1 4.3 4.3 3.8 4.1 3.7	• • • • •
March June September December 010 March June September December 011 March	3.5 4.1 5.4 4.3 4.5 3.8 3.6 3.5	5.1 4.6 4.1 3.4 3.7 3.7 3.0 3.7 3.4 C	4.7 4.4 3.6 4.2 4.5 5.0 5.4 5.0 4.0	4.1 4.5 4.2 2.9 3.0 3.3 3.1 4.4 3.7	6.2 6.5 6.2 4.7 4.3 4.1 4.3 3.6 3.6	4.4 4.9 4.2 4.3 4.1 3.5 3.0 3.3 3.6 ARTER (%)	5.4 3.8 4.2 4.8 4.4 4.1 4.1 2.5 3.2	(%) 3.9 3.9 4.1 4.3 4.3 3.8 4.1 3.7 3.4	
March June September December 010 March June September December 011 March March March June	3.5 4.1 5.4 4.3 4.5 3.8 3.6 3.5	5.1 4.6 4.1 3.4 3.7 3.7 3.0 3.7 3.4 C	4.7 4.4 3.6 4.2 4.5 5.0 5.4 5.0 4.0 HANGE FF	4.1 4.5 4.2 2.9 3.0 3.3 3.1 4.4 3.7 ***********************************	6.2 6.5 6.2 4.7 4.3 4.1 4.3 3.6 3.6 3.6	4.4 4.9 4.2 4.3 4.1 3.5 3.0 3.3 3.6 ARTER (%)	5.4 3.8 4.2 4.8 4.4 4.1 4.1 2.5 3.2	(%) 3.9 3.9 4.1 4.3 4.3 3.8 4.1 3.7 3.4	••••
March June September December 010 March June September December 011 March March 009 March June September	3.5 4.1 5.4 4.3 4.5 3.8 3.6 3.5	5.1 4.6 4.1 3.4 3.7 3.7 3.0 3.7 3.4 C	4.7 4.4 3.6 4.2 4.5 5.0 5.4 5.0 4.0 HANGE FF	4.1 4.5 4.2 2.9 3.0 3.3 3.1 4.4 3.7 ***********************************	6.2 6.5 6.2 4.7 4.3 4.1 4.3 3.6 3.6 3.6	4.4 4.9 4.2 4.3 4.1 3.5 3.0 3.3 3.6 ARTER (%)	5.4 3.8 4.2 4.8 4.4 4.1 4.1 2.5 3.2	(%) 3.9 3.9 4.1 4.3 4.3 3.8 4.1 3.7 3.4 1.0 0.7 1.5	• • • • •
March June September December 010 March June September December 011 March 009 March June September December	3.5 4.1 5.4 4.3 4.5 3.8 3.6 3.5	5.1 4.6 4.1 3.4 3.7 3.7 3.0 3.7 3.4 C	4.7 4.4 3.6 4.2 4.5 5.0 5.4 5.0 4.0 HANGE FF	4.1 4.5 4.2 2.9 3.0 3.3 3.1 4.4 3.7 ***********************************	6.2 6.5 6.2 4.7 4.3 4.1 4.3 3.6 3.6 3.6	4.4 4.9 4.2 4.3 4.1 3.5 3.0 3.3 3.6 ARTER (%)	5.4 3.8 4.2 4.8 4.4 4.1 4.1 2.5 3.2	(%) 3.9 3.9 4.1 4.3 4.3 3.8 4.1 3.7 3.4	• • • • •
March June September December 010 March June September December 011 March March June September 020 March June September December 010	3.5 4.1 5.4 4.3 4.5 3.8 3.6 3.5	5.1 4.6 4.1 3.4 3.7 3.7 3.0 3.7 3.4 C	4.7 4.4 3.6 4.2 4.5 5.0 5.4 5.0 4.0 *********************************	4.1 4.5 4.2 2.9 3.0 3.3 3.1 4.4 3.7 ***********************************	6.2 6.5 6.2 4.7 4.3 4.1 4.3 3.6 3.6 3.6 10US QUA	4.4 4.9 4.2 4.3 4.1 3.5 3.0 3.3 3.6 ARTER (%) 1.9 1.2 0.8 0.3	5.4 3.8 4.2 4.8 4.4 4.1 2.5 3.2	(%) 3.9 3.9 4.1 4.3 4.3 3.8 4.1 3.7 3.4 1.0 0.7 1.5 1.1	• • • • •
March June September December 010 March June September December 011 March 009 March June September December 010 March June March June March June March March March March March March	3.5 4.1 5.4 4.3 4.5 3.8 3.6 3.5 	5.1 4.6 4.1 3.4 3.7 3.7 3.0 3.7 3.4 C	4.7 4.4 3.6 4.2 4.5 5.0 5.4 5.0 4.0 HANGE FF 1.3 0.2 1.4 1.3	4.1 4.5 4.2 2.9 3.0 3.3 3.1 4.4 3.7 ***********************************	6.2 6.5 6.2 4.7 4.3 4.1 4.3 3.6 3.6 10US QUA 1.0 1.1 0.9 1.7	4.4 4.9 4.2 4.3 4.1 3.5 3.0 3.3 3.6 ARTER (%) 1.9 1.2 0.8 0.3	5.4 3.8 4.2 4.8 4.4 4.1 2.5 3.2	(%) 3.9 3.9 4.1 4.3 4.3 3.8 4.1 3.7 3.4 1.0 0.7 1.5 1.1 1.0	• • • • •
March June September December 010 March June September December 011 March 009 March June September December 010 March June September December December December June September December June June June June June June June	3.5 4.1 5.4 4.3 4.5 3.8 3.6 3.5 	5.1 4.6 4.1 3.4 3.7 3.7 3.0 3.7 3.4 C	4.7 4.4 3.6 4.2 4.5 5.0 5.4 5.0 4.0 HANGE FF 1.3 0.2 1.4 1.3	4.1 4.5 4.2 2.9 3.0 3.3 3.1 4.4 3.7 ***********************************	6.2 6.5 6.2 4.7 4.3 4.1 4.3 3.6 3.6 10US QUA 1.0 1.1 0.9 1.7 0.6 0.9	4.4 4.9 4.2 4.3 4.1 3.5 3.0 3.3 3.6 ARTER (%) 1.9 1.2 0.8 0.3 1.7 0.7	5.4 3.8 4.2 4.8 4.4 4.1 4.1 2.5 3.2 1.4 0.3 0.9 2.2 1.0 0.1	(%) 3.9 3.9 4.1 4.3 4.3 3.8 4.1 3.7 3.4 1.0 0.7 1.5 1.1 1.0 0.2	• • • • •
March June September December 010 March June September December 011 March 009 March June September December 010 March June September December 010 March June September September	3.5 4.1 5.4 4.3 4.5 3.8 3.6 3.5 1.0 0.7 2.1 0.5 1.2 0.1 2.0	5.1 4.6 4.1 3.4 3.7 3.7 3.0 3.7 3.4 C 1.0 0.2 1.4 0.8 1.3 0.2 0.8	4.7 4.4 3.6 4.2 4.5 5.0 5.4 5.0 4.0 HANGE FF 1.3 0.2 1.4 1.3	4.1 4.5 4.2 2.9 3.0 3.3 3.1 4.4 3.7 ***********************************	6.2 6.5 6.2 4.7 4.3 4.1 4.3 3.6 3.6 10US QUA 1.0 1.1 0.9 1.7 0.6 0.9 1.0	4.4 4.9 4.2 4.3 4.1 3.5 3.0 3.3 3.6 ARTER (%) 1.9 1.2 0.8 0.3 1.7 0.7 0.7	5.4 3.8 4.2 4.8 4.4 4.1 2.5 3.2 1.4 0.3 0.9 2.2 1.0 0.1 0.9	(%) 3.9 3.9 4.1 4.3 4.3 3.8 4.1 3.7 3.4 1.0 0.7 1.5 1.1 1.0 0.2 1.8	
March June September December 010 March June September December 011 March 009 March June September December 0100 March June September December December December December	3.5 4.1 5.4 4.3 4.5 3.8 3.6 3.5 	5.1 4.6 4.1 3.4 3.7 3.7 3.0 3.7 3.4 C	4.7 4.4 3.6 4.2 4.5 5.0 5.4 5.0 4.0 HANGE FF 1.3 0.2 1.4 1.3	4.1 4.5 4.2 2.9 3.0 3.3 3.1 4.4 3.7 ***********************************	6.2 6.5 6.2 4.7 4.3 4.1 4.3 3.6 3.6 10US QUA 1.0 1.1 0.9 1.7 0.6 0.9	4.4 4.9 4.2 4.3 4.1 3.5 3.0 3.3 3.6 ARTER (%) 1.9 1.2 0.8 0.3 1.7 0.7	5.4 3.8 4.2 4.8 4.4 4.1 4.1 2.5 3.2 1.4 0.3 0.9 2.2 1.0 0.1	(%) 3.9 3.9 4.1 4.3 4.3 3.8 4.1 3.7 3.4 1.0 0.7 1.5 1.1 1.0 0.2	• • • • •

⁽a) Reference base of each index: 2008-09 = 100.0.



Sector by Industry—Index numbers(a): Original

	FINANCIAL	YEAR			QUARTER				
Industry	2006-07	2007–08	2008–09	2009–10	Mar Qtr 2010	Jun Qtr 2010	Sep Qtr 2010	Dec Qtr 2010	Mar Qt 2011
		Р	RIVATE						
Mining	89.5	94.7	100.0	103.6	104.0	105.5	106.0	107.5	108.8
Manufacturing	92.4	96.5	100.0	102.3	102.4	103.3	104.7	105.9	106.
Electricity, gas, water and waste services	91.7	95.6	100.0	103.6	104.1	104.8	106.1	107.2	108.
Construction	91.5	95.5	100.0	103.3	103.4	104.5	105.9	106.8	107.
Wholesale trade	92.7	96.1	100.0	102.3	102.3	102.9	104.2	105.7	106.
Retail trade	92.2	96.2	100.0	102.7	103.1	103.6	105.2	105.9	106.
Accommodation and food services	94.4	97.1	100.0	102.3	102.6	103.0	105.1	105.4	106.
Transport, postal and warehousing	91.8	95.6	100.0	103.8	104.2	104.4	106.0	106.9	107.
Information media and telecommunications	93.8	97.1	100.0	102.0	102.2	102.6	103.8	104.9	105.
Financial and insurance services	92.6	96.2	100.0	102.5	103.1	103.7	105.4	106.4	107.
Rental, hiring and real estate services	92.6	96.7	100.0	102.2	102.4	102.8	104.2	104.8	105.
Professional, scientific and technical services	90.8	94.9	100.0	103.0	103.3	104.1	106.1	107.0	108.
Administrative and support services	91.8	96.0	100.0	102.2	102.4	103.1	104.9	105.8	106.
Public administration and safety	93.1	97.3	100.0	102.6	103.0	103.0	105.4	106.1	106. 109.
Education and training Health care and social assistance	91.2 92.9	95.3 96.6	100.0	104.1 103.3	105.3 104.0	105.7 104.5	106.6 106.2	107.1 106.9	109.
Arts and recreation services	92.9	96.8	100.0 100.0	103.3	104.0	104.5	106.2	105.5	107.
Other services	93.2	96.3 96.7	100.0	102.7	103.1	103.3	104.8	105.5	106.
All industries	92.2	96.2	100.0	102.8	103.1	103.8	105.4	106.3	107.
	• • • • • • •		UDIIO	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • •
			UBLIC						
Electricity, gas, water and waste services	92.1	95.8	100.0	104.9	106.4	106.8	107.6	109.5	109.
Professional, scientific and technical services	93.1	97.1	100.0	104.3	105.8	106.0	107.9	108.4	108.
Public administration and safety	92.0	95.9	100.0	104.1	104.8	105.1	107.0	107.9	108.
Education and training	92.4	96.0	100.0	104.0	105.1	105.6	106.8	107.7	109.
Health care and social assistance	92.7	96.2	100.0	104.9	105.2	105.8	107.0	108.0	108.
All industries(b)	92.3	96.0	100.0	104.3	105.0	105.4	106.9	107.9	108.
	• • • • • • •		SECTORS	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • •
N. Allen Line are	00.5				1010	405.5	100.0	407.5	400
Mining	89.5	94.7	100.0	103.6	104.0	105.5	106.0	107.5	108.
Manufacturing Electricity, gas, water and waste services	92.4 92.0	96.5 95.8	100.0 100.0	102.3 104.4	102.4 105.5	103.3 106.0	104.7 107.0	105.9 108.6	106. 109.
Construction Wholesale trade	91.5 92.7	95.6 96.1	100.0 100.0	103.2 102.3	103.4 102.3	104.5 102.9	105.9 104.2	106.9 105.7	107. 106.
Retail trade									
Accommodation and food services	92.3 94.4	96.3 97.1	100.0 100.0	102.7 102.3	103.1 102.6	103.6 103.0	105.2 105.1	105.9 105.4	106. 106.
Transport, postal and warehousing	92.0	95.7	100.0	102.3	102.0	103.0	106.0	105.4	108.
Information media and telecommunications	93.4	97.0	100.0	103.8	104.2	104.4	103.9	105.1	105.
Financial and insurance services	93.4	96.2	100.0	102.2	102.3	102.8	105.5	105.1	105.
Rental, hiring and real estate services	92.4	96.7	100.0	102.6	103.2	103.8	103.3	105.3	107.
Professional, scientific and technical services	91.0	95.1	100.0	102.0	102.8	103.2	104.7	105.5	108.
Administrative and support services	91.8	96.0	100.0	102.2	102.5	103.1	105.0	105.8	106.
Public administration and safety	92.1	95.9	100.0	104.0	102.5	104.9	106.8	107.7	108.
Education and training	92.1	95.8	100.0	104.0	105.2	105.7	106.7	107.7	100.
Health care and social assistance	92.9	96.4	100.0	104.0	104.6	105.1	106.6	107.4	108.
Arts and recreation services	92.7	96.4	100.0	103.0	103.5	103.1	105.3	106.0	106.
Other services	93.2	96.7	100.0	102.4	103.0	103.2	104.7	105.3	106.
All industries	92.3	96.2	100.0		103.6	104.2	105.7	106.6	107.0
				103.1					

⁽a) Reference base of each index: 2008-09 = 100.0.

⁽b) Includes those industries not separately listed.



Sector by Industry—Percentage changes: Original

	FROM PRE	VIOUS		FROM CO	RRESPON	DING				
	FINANCIAL			PREVIOU			FROM PI	REVIOUS Q	UARTER	
				Mar Qtr	Mar Qtr	Mar Otr	Jun Qtr	Sep Qtr	Dec Qtr	Mar Otr
Industry	2007–08	2008-09	2009–10	2009	2010	2011	2010	2010	2010	2011
	• • • • • • •	• • • • • •		_	• • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • •
			PRIVATI	Ł						
Mining	5.8	5.6	3.6	5.8	3.4	4.6	1.4	0.5	1.4	1.2
Manufacturing	4.4	3.6	2.3	3.5	2.1	4.1	0.9	1.4	1.1	0.7
Electricity, gas, water and waste services Construction	4.3	4.6	3.6	4.6	3.4 3.0	4.0 4.3	0.7	1.2	1.0	1.0 0.9
Wholesale trade	4.4 3.7	4.7 4.1	3.3 2.3	4.9 4.2	2.1	4.3 4.4	1.1 0.6	1.3 1.3	0.8 1.4	1.0
Retail trade	4.3	4.0	2.7	3.8	2.4	3.3	0.5	1.5	0.7	0.6
Accommodation and food services	2.9	3.0	2.3	3.5	1.8	3.3	0.4	2.0	0.3	0.6
Transport, postal and warehousing	4.1	4.6	3.8	4.9	3.3	3.6	0.2	1.5	0.8	0.9
Information media and telecommunications	3.5	3.0	2.0	2.8	1.9	3.4	0.4	1.2	1.1	0.8
Financial and insurance services	3.9	4.0	2.5	4.1	2.7	4.3	0.6	1.6	0.9	1.0
Rental, hiring and real estate services	4.4	3.4	2.2	3.4	1.8	3.0	0.4	1.4	0.6	0.7
Professional, scientific and technical services	4.5	5.4	3.0	5.2	3.0	4.7	0.8	1.9	0.8	1.1
Administrative and support services Public administration and safety	4.6 4.5	4.2 2.8	2.2 2.6	4.1 2.9	1.9 2.5	3.7 3.5	0.7 0.0	1.7 2.3	0.9 0.7	0.4 0.5
Education and training	4.5	4.9	4.1	5.0	3.9	3.5	0.4	0.9	0.7	1.8
Health care and social assistance	4.0	3.5	3.3	3.6	3.4	3.6	0.5	1.6	0.7	0.7
Arts and recreation services	4.2	3.8	2.7	3.8	2.7	3.0	0.2	1.5	0.7	0.7
Other services	3.8	3.4	2.4	3.3	2.5	3.1	0.2	1.5	0.5	1.0
All industries	4.3	4.0	2.8	4.0	2.6	4.0	0.7	1.5	0.9	0.8
		• • • • • •		• • • • • • •		• • • • • • •		• • • • • •		• • • • •
			PUBLIC	;						
Electricity, gas, water and waste services	4.0	4.4	4.9	4.7	5.6	3.3	0.4	0.7	1.8	0.4
Professional, scientific and technical services	4.3	3.0	4.3	4.3	4.4	2.7	0.2	1.8	0.5	0.3
Public administration and safety	4.2	4.3	4.1	4.4	4.2	3.5	0.3	1.8	0.8	0.6
Education and training	3.9	4.2	4.0	4.4	4.4	4.0	0.5	1.1	0.8	1.5
Health care and social assistance	3.8	4.0	4.9	4.8	4.1	3.1	0.6	1.1	0.9	0.5
All industries(a)	4.0	4.2	4.3	4.4	4.3	3.6	0.4	1.4	0.9	0.8
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	ALL SECTO	ORS		• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • •
Mining	FO				2.4	4.6	1.1	0.5	1.1	1.0
Manufacturing	5.8 4.4	5.6 3.6	3.6 2.3	5.8 3.6	3.4 2.1	4.6 4.1	1.4 0.9	0.5 1.4	1.4 1.1	1.2 0.7
Electricity, gas, water and waste services	4.1	4.4	4.4	4.6	4.8	3.6	0.5	0.9	1.5	0.6
Construction	4.5	4.6	3.2	4.8	3.0	4.3	1.1	1.3	0.9	0.8
Wholesale trade	3.7	4.1	2.3	4.2	2.1	4.4	0.6	1.3	1.4	1.0
Retail trade	4.3	3.8	2.7	3.8	2.4	3.3	0.5	1.5	0.7	0.6
Accommodation and food services	2.9	3.0	2.3	3.5	1.8	3.3	0.4	2.0	0.3	0.6
Transport, postal and warehousing	4.0	4.5	3.8	4.7	3.4	3.6	0.2	1.5	0.7	1.2
Information media and telecommunications	3.9	3.1	2.2	2.9	2.0	3.5	0.5	1.1	1.2	0.8
Financial and insurance services Rental, hiring and real estate services	4.1 4.4	4.0 3.4	2.6 2.6	4.0 3.5	2.9 2.2	4.3 3.1	0.6 0.4	1.6 1.5	0.9	1.0 0.7
Professional, scientific and technical services	4.4	5.4 5.2	3.0	5.3	2.2	4.6	0.4	1.5	0.6 0.7	1.1
Administrative and support services	4.6	4.2	2.2	4.1	2.0	3.6	0.6	1.8	0.7	0.4
Public administration and safety	4.1	4.3	4.0	4.4	3.9	3.6	0.3	1.8	0.8	0.6
Education and training	4.0	4.4	4.0	4.6	4.3	3.8	0.5	0.9	0.7	1.6
Health care and social assistance	3.8	3.7	4.0	4.1	3.8	3.3	0.5	1.4	0.8	0.7
Arts and recreation services	4.0	3.7	3.0	3.8	3.0	3.1	0.3	1.4	0.7	0.7
Other services	3.8	3.4	2.4	3.2	2.6	3.1	0.2	1.5	0.6	0.9
All industries	4.2	4.0	3.1	4.0	3.1	3.9	0.6	1.4	0.9	0.9

⁽a) Includes those industries not separately listed.



Sector: Original

	ORDINARY	TIME HOURL	Y RATES	TOTAL HOU	RLY RATES	
Period	Private	Public	All Sectors	Private	Public	All Sectors
• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	INI	DEX NUMBER	? S (a)	• • • • • •	• • • • • • •
2006–07	91.9	92.2	92.0	91.9	92.2	92.0
2007-08	96.2	96.0	96.1	96.2	96.0	96.1
2008-09	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
2009–10 2008	102.9	104.2	103.2	102.8	104.3	103.2
March	96.7	96.5	96.7	96.7	96.5	96.7
June	97.6	97.0	97.4	97.6	97.0	97.4
September	98.8	98.2	98.7	98.8	98.3	98.7
December	99.8	99.7	99.7	99.8	99.7	99.7
2009	00.0	00.1	00.1	33.5	00.1	00.1
March	100.3	100.8	100.5	100.3	100.7	100.5
June	101.1	101.3	101.2	101.1	101.3	101.2
September	101.7	102.8	102.0	101.7	102.8	102.0
December	102.5	103.8	102.8	102.4	103.8	102.8
2010						
March	103.3	104.9	103.7	103.2	105.0	103.6
June	104.0	105.4	104.4	104.0	105.4	104.3
September	105.7	106.9	106.0	105.7	106.9	106.0
December	106.4	107.8	106.8	106.4	107.8	106.8
2011						
March	107.5	108.8	107.8	107.5	108.8	107.8
• • • • • • • • •				NANCIAL YEA		• • • • • • •
2007–08	4.7	4.1	4.5	4.7	4.1	4.5
2008-09	4.0	4.2	4.1	4.0	4.2	4.1
2009–10	2.9	4.2	3.2	2.8	4.3	3.2
2009				TER OF PREV		
March	3.7	4.5	3.9	3.7	4.4	3.9
June	3.6	4.4	3.9	3.6	4.4	3.9
September	2.9	4.7	3.3	2.9	4.6	3.3
December	2.7	4.1	3.1	2.6	4.1	3.1
2010	2.0	4.4	2.0	0.0	4.0	2.4
March	3.0	4.1	3.2	2.9	4.3	3.1
June	2.9	4.0	3.2 3.9	2.9	4.0	3.1
September	3.9	4.0		3.9	4.0	3.9
December 2011	3.8	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.9
March	4.1	3.7	4.0	4.2	3.6	4.1
• • • • • • • • • •				QUARTER (S		• • • • • • •
2000	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			Q 0 / ()	, ,	
2009 March	0.5	1 1	0.0	0.5	1.0	0.0
March June	0.5	1.1	0.8	0.5	1.0	0.8
September	0.8	0.5 1.5	0.7	0.8	0.6 1.5	0.7
December	0.6 0.8	1.5 1.0	0.8 0.8	0.6 0.7	1.5 1.0	0.8 0.8
2010	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.7	1.0	0.8
March	0.8	1.1	0.9	0.8	1.2	0.8
June	0.8	0.5	0.9	0.8	0.4	0.8
September	1.6	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.4	1.6
December	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.8	0.8
2011	0.1	0.6	0.0	0.7	0.6	0.0
March	1.0	0.9	0.9	1.0	0.9	0.9

⁽a) Reference base of each index: 2008-09 = 100.0.



WAGE PRICE INDEX: ORDINARY TIME HOURLY RATES OF PAY EXCLUDING BONUSES,

All Sectors: Original

	South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Australian Capital Territory	Austro
Period	waies	VICIONA	Queensianu				remory	remory	Austra
	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	INDEX NU		• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • •
2006–07	92.8	92.6	92.1	91.8	89.9	92.4	92.2	92.4	92
2007–08	96.4	96.2	96.0	96.3	95.1	95.9	95.7	96.3	96
2008-09	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100
2009–10	103.2	102.8	103.3	102.8	103.4	103.7	103.4	103.5	103
2008									
March	96.8	96.7	96.5	96.9	95.6	96.3	95.9	96.7	96
June	97.7	97.7	97.1	97.4	96.8	97.1	97.5	97.3	97
September	98.7	98.7	98.6	98.4	98.1	98.5	98.3	98.6	9
December	99.7	99.8	99.7	99.9	99.9	99.6	99.7	99.5	9
2009	00.1	00.0	00.1	00.0	00.0	00.0	00.1	00.0	•
March	100.5	100.5	100.6	100.7	100.7	100.7	100.8	100.6	10
June	101.2	101.0	101.1	101.0	101.3	101.2	101.2	101.3	10
September	102.3	101.7	102.1	101.7	102.1	102.6	101.9	102.3	10:
December	102.6	102.5	102.8	102.3	102.9	103.2	103.1	103.2	10:
2010			_30		_02.0	_00.2	_00.1		
March	103.7	103.2	103.8	103.2	103.7	104.3	104.0	104.0	10
June	104.3	103.7	104.4	103.9	104.7	104.8	104.6	104.3	10
September	105.8	105.3	106.1	105.1	106.1	105.9	105.8	106.2	10
December	106.5	106.3	107.1	106.3	107.0	106.7	107.0	107.0	10
2011									
March	107.6	107.2	107.8	106.9	108.0	107.9	108.3	107.8	10
• • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	CHAN	GE FROM	PREVIOU	S FINANC	CIAL YEAR	(%)	• • • • • • • •	• • • • •
007-08	3.9	3.9	4.2	4.9	5.8	3.8	3.8	4.2	
008-09	3.7	4.0	4.2	3.8	5.2	4.3	4.5	3.8	
2009–10									
2009-10	3.2	2.8	3.3	2.8	3.4	3.7	3.4	3.5	
**********	• • • • • • •		• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	3.7 OF PREVIO	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • •
• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •		• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • •
2009	CHAN	GE FROM	CORRESP	ONDING	QUARTER	OF PREVIO	OUS YEAR	(%)	• • • •
2009 March	CHAN (GE FROM 3.9	CORRESP 4.2	ONDING (QUARTER 5.3	OF PREVIO	OUS YEAR	(%)	• • • •
2009 March June	3.8 3.6	GE FROM 3.9 3.4	4.2 4.1	3.9 3.7	QUARTER 5.3 4.6	0F PREVIO 4.6 4.2	5.1 3.8	(%) 4.0 4.1	• • • •
2009 March June September	3.8 3.6 3.6	3.9 3.4 3.0	4.2 4.1 3.5	3.9 3.7 3.4	5.3 4.6 4.1	4.6 4.2 4.2	5.1 3.8 3.7	(%) 4.0 4.1 3.8	• • • •
March June September December	3.8 3.6	GE FROM 3.9 3.4	4.2 4.1	3.9 3.7	QUARTER 5.3 4.6	0F PREVIO 4.6 4.2	5.1 3.8	(%) 4.0 4.1	• • • •
009 March June September December	3.8 3.6 3.6 2.9	3.9 3.4 3.0 2.7	4.2 4.1 3.5 3.1	3.9 3.7 3.4 2.4	5.3 4.6 4.1 3.0	4.6 4.2 4.2 3.6	5.1 3.8 3.7 3.4	(%) 4.0 4.1 3.8 3.7	• • • •
March June September December 010 March	3.8 3.6 3.6 2.9 3.2	3.9 3.4 3.0 2.7	4.2 4.1 3.5 3.1 3.2	3.9 3.7 3.4 2.4	5.3 4.6 4.1 3.0 3.0	4.6 4.2 4.2 3.6 3.6	5.1 3.8 3.7 3.4 3.2	(%) 4.0 4.1 3.8 3.7 3.4	• • • •
March June September December 010 March June	3.8 3.6 3.6 2.9	3.9 3.4 3.0 2.7	4.2 4.1 3.5 3.1	3.9 3.7 3.4 2.4	5.3 4.6 4.1 3.0	4.6 4.2 4.2 3.6	5.1 3.8 3.7 3.4	(%) 4.0 4.1 3.8 3.7	••••
March June September December 2010 March June September	3.8 3.6 3.6 2.9 3.2 3.1 3.4	3.9 3.4 3.0 2.7 2.7 2.7 3.5	4.2 4.1 3.5 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.9	3.9 3.7 3.4 2.4 2.5 2.9 3.3	5.3 4.6 4.1 3.0 3.0 3.4 3.9	4.6 4.2 4.2 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.2	5.1 3.8 3.7 3.4 3.2 3.4 3.8	(%) 4.0 4.1 3.8 3.7 3.4 3.0 3.8	••••
March June September December O10 March June September December	3.8 3.6 3.6 2.9 3.2 3.1	3.9 3.4 3.0 2.7 2.7 2.7	4.2 4.1 3.5 3.1 3.2 3.3	3.9 3.7 3.4 2.4 2.5 2.9	5.3 4.6 4.1 3.0 3.0 3.4	4.6 4.2 4.2 3.6 3.6 3.6	5.1 3.8 3.7 3.4 3.2 3.4	(%) 4.0 4.1 3.8 3.7 3.4 3.0	••••
March June September December O10 March June September December	3.8 3.6 3.6 2.9 3.2 3.1 3.4	3.9 3.4 3.0 2.7 2.7 2.7 3.5	4.2 4.1 3.5 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.9	3.9 3.7 3.4 2.4 2.5 2.9 3.3	5.3 4.6 4.1 3.0 3.0 3.4 3.9	4.6 4.2 4.2 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.2	5.1 3.8 3.7 3.4 3.2 3.4 3.8	(%) 4.0 4.1 3.8 3.7 3.4 3.0 3.8	••••
March June September December O10 March June September December O211 March March	3.8 3.6 3.6 2.9 3.2 3.1 3.4 3.8	3.9 3.4 3.0 2.7 2.7 2.7 3.5 3.7 3.9	4.2 4.1 3.5 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.9 4.2	3.9 3.7 3.4 2.4 2.5 2.9 3.3 3.9 3.6	5.3 4.6 4.1 3.0 3.0 3.4 3.9 4.0	4.6 4.2 4.2 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.2 3.4	5.1 3.8 3.7 3.4 3.2 3.4 3.8 3.8 4.1	(%) 4.0 4.1 3.8 3.7 3.4 3.0 3.8 3.7	• • • •
March June September December O10 March June September December June September December December March	3.8 3.6 3.6 2.9 3.2 3.1 3.4 3.8	3.9 3.4 3.0 2.7 2.7 2.7 3.5 3.7 3.9	4.2 4.1 3.5 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.9 4.2	3.9 3.7 3.4 2.4 2.5 2.9 3.3 3.9 3.6	5.3 4.6 4.1 3.0 3.0 3.4 3.9 4.0	4.6 4.2 4.2 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.2 3.4	5.1 3.8 3.7 3.4 3.2 3.4 3.8 3.8 4.1	(%) 4.0 4.1 3.8 3.7 3.4 3.0 3.8 3.7	• • • •
March June September December O10 March June September December O11 March March March March December	3.8 3.6 3.6 2.9 3.2 3.1 3.4 3.8 3.8	3.9 3.4 3.0 2.7 2.7 2.7 3.5 3.7 3.9	4.2 4.1 3.5 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.9 4.2 3.9	3.9 3.7 3.4 2.4 2.5 2.9 3.3 3.9 3.6	5.3 4.6 4.1 3.0 3.0 3.4 3.9 4.0 4.1	4.6 4.2 4.2 3.6 3.6 3.2 3.4 3.5	5.1 3.8 3.7 3.4 3.2 3.4 3.8 3.8 4.1	(%) 4.0 4.1 3.8 3.7 3.4 3.0 3.8 3.7 3.7	• • • • •
March June September December 2010 March June September December June September December March March March	3.8 3.6 3.6 2.9 3.2 3.1 3.4 3.8 3.8	3.9 3.4 3.0 2.7 2.7 2.7 3.5 3.7 3.9	4.2 4.1 3.5 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.9 4.2 3.9	3.9 3.7 3.4 2.4 2.5 2.9 3.3 3.9 3.6 ROM PREV	5.3 4.6 4.1 3.0 3.0 3.4 3.9 4.0 4.1	4.6 4.2 4.2 3.6 3.6 3.2 3.4 3.5 ARTER (%)	5.1 3.8 3.7 3.4 3.2 3.4 3.8 3.8 4.1	(%) 4.0 4.1 3.8 3.7 3.4 3.0 3.8 3.7 3.7	• • • • •
March June September December O10 March June September December O11 March March March June March June	3.8 3.6 3.6 2.9 3.2 3.1 3.4 3.8 3.8	3.9 3.4 3.0 2.7 2.7 2.7 3.5 3.7 3.9 C	4.2 4.1 3.5 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.9 4.2 3.9 4.2 0.9 0.5	3.9 3.7 3.4 2.4 2.5 2.9 3.3 3.9 3.6 ROM PREV	5.3 4.6 4.1 3.0 3.4 3.9 4.0 4.1 IOUS QUA	4.6 4.2 4.2 3.6 3.6 3.2 3.4 3.5 ARTER (%)	5.1 3.8 3.7 3.4 3.2 3.4 3.8 3.8 4.1	(%) 4.0 4.1 3.8 3.7 3.4 3.0 3.8 3.7 3.7	• • • • •
March June September December 010 March June September December 011 March March March June September 0511 March September 0509	3.8 3.6 3.6 2.9 3.2 3.1 3.4 3.8 3.8	3.9 3.4 3.0 2.7 2.7 2.7 3.5 3.7 3.9 C	4.2 4.1 3.5 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.9 4.2 3.9 4.2 0.9 0.5 1.0	3.9 3.7 3.4 2.4 2.5 2.9 3.3 3.9 3.6 ROM PREV	5.3 4.6 4.1 3.0 3.4 3.9 4.0 4.1 IOUS QUA	4.6 4.2 4.2 3.6 3.6 3.2 3.4 3.5 ARTER (%)	5.1 3.8 3.7 3.4 3.2 3.4 3.8 3.8 4.1	(%) 4.0 4.1 3.8 3.7 3.4 3.0 3.8 3.7 3.7	• • • • •
March June September December 2010 March June September December 2011 March March June September December 2011 March September December	3.8 3.6 3.6 2.9 3.2 3.1 3.4 3.8 3.8	3.9 3.4 3.0 2.7 2.7 2.7 3.5 3.7 3.9 C	4.2 4.1 3.5 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.9 4.2 3.9 4.2 0.9 0.5	3.9 3.7 3.4 2.4 2.5 2.9 3.3 3.9 3.6 ROM PREV	5.3 4.6 4.1 3.0 3.4 3.9 4.0 4.1 IOUS QUA	4.6 4.2 4.2 3.6 3.6 3.2 3.4 3.5 ARTER (%)	5.1 3.8 3.7 3.4 3.2 3.4 3.8 3.8 4.1	(%) 4.0 4.1 3.8 3.7 3.4 3.0 3.8 3.7 3.7	• • • • •
March June September December O10 March June September December O11 March March June September December O11 March June September December	3.8 3.6 3.6 2.9 3.2 3.1 3.4 3.8 3.8	3.9 3.4 3.0 2.7 2.7 2.7 3.5 3.7 3.9 C 0.7 0.5 0.7 0.8	4.2 4.1 3.5 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.9 4.2 3.9 4.2 3.9	3.9 3.7 3.4 2.4 2.5 2.9 3.3 3.9 3.6 ROM PREV	5.3 4.6 4.1 3.0 3.4 3.9 4.0 4.1 IOUS QUA	4.6 4.2 4.2 3.6 3.6 3.2 3.4 3.5 ARTER (%)	5.1 3.8 3.7 3.4 3.2 3.4 3.8 3.8 4.1	(%) 4.0 4.1 3.8 3.7 3.4 3.0 3.8 3.7 3.7 1.1 0.7 1.0 0.9	• • • • •
March June September December O10 March June September December O11 March March June September December O11 March June March June March June March June March June March March March March March	3.8 3.6 3.6 2.9 3.2 3.1 3.4 3.8 3.8	3.9 3.4 3.0 2.7 2.7 2.7 3.5 3.7 3.9 C 0.7 0.5 0.7 0.8 0.7	4.2 4.1 3.5 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.9 4.2 3.9 4.2 3.9 0.5 1.0 0.7	3.9 3.7 3.4 2.4 2.5 2.9 3.3 3.9 3.6 ROM PREV	5.3 4.6 4.1 3.0 3.4 3.9 4.0 4.1 IOUS QUA 0.8 0.6 0.8 0.8	4.6 4.2 4.2 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.2 3.4 3.5 ARTER (%)	5.1 3.8 3.7 3.4 3.2 3.4 3.8 3.8 4.1	(%) 4.0 4.1 3.8 3.7 3.4 3.0 3.8 3.7 3.7 1.1 0.7 1.0 0.9 0.8	• • • • •
March June September December 2010 March June September December 2011 March June March June December 2010 March June March June September December December December December	3.8 3.6 3.6 2.9 3.2 3.1 3.4 3.8 3.8 0.8 0.7 1.1 0.3	3.9 3.4 3.0 2.7 2.7 2.7 3.5 3.7 3.9 C 0.7 0.5 0.7 0.8 0.7 0.5	4.2 4.1 3.5 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.9 4.2 3.9 4.2 3.9 0.5 1.0 0.7	3.9 3.7 3.4 2.4 2.5 2.9 3.3 3.9 3.6 ROM PREV 0.8 0.3 0.7 0.6	5.3 4.6 4.1 3.0 3.4 3.9 4.0 4.1 IOUS QUA 0.8 0.6 0.8 0.8 0.8	4.6 4.2 4.2 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.2 3.4 3.5 ARTER (%)	5.1 3.8 3.7 3.4 3.2 3.4 3.8 3.8 4.1 1.1 0.4 0.7 1.2 0.9 0.6	(%) 4.0 4.1 3.8 3.7 3.4 3.0 3.8 3.7 3.7 1.1 0.7 1.0 0.9 0.8 0.3	• • • • •
March June September December 2010 March June September December 2011 March June March June Coop March June September 2010 March June September December 2010 March June September December 2010 March June September September	3.8 3.6 3.6 2.9 3.2 3.1 3.4 3.8 3.8 0.8 0.7 1.1 0.3 1.1	3.9 3.4 3.0 2.7 2.7 2.7 3.5 3.7 3.9 C 0.7 0.5 0.7 0.8 0.7 0.5 1.5	4.2 4.1 3.5 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.9 4.2 3.9 4.2 3.9 0.5 1.0 0.7 1.0 0.6 1.6	3.9 3.7 3.4 2.4 2.5 2.9 3.3 3.9 3.6 ROM PREV 0.8 0.3 0.7 0.6 0.9 0.7 1.2	5.3 4.6 4.1 3.0 3.4 3.9 4.0 4.1 IOUS QUA 0.8 0.6 0.8 0.8 0.8	4.6 4.2 4.2 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.2 3.4 3.5 ARTER (%)	5.1 3.8 3.7 3.4 3.2 3.4 3.8 3.8 4.1 1.1 0.4 0.7 1.2 0.9 0.6 1.1	(%) 4.0 4.1 3.8 3.7 3.4 3.0 3.8 3.7 3.7 1.1 0.7 1.0 0.9 0.8 0.3 1.8	• • • • •
March June September December 2010 March June September December 2011 March June March June Coop March June September December 2010 March June September December December December	3.8 3.6 3.6 2.9 3.2 3.1 3.4 3.8 3.8 0.8 0.7 1.1 0.3	3.9 3.4 3.0 2.7 2.7 2.7 3.5 3.7 3.9 C 0.7 0.5 0.7 0.8 0.7 0.5	4.2 4.1 3.5 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.9 4.2 3.9 4.2 3.9 0.5 1.0 0.7	3.9 3.7 3.4 2.4 2.5 2.9 3.3 3.9 3.6 ROM PREV 0.8 0.3 0.7 0.6	5.3 4.6 4.1 3.0 3.4 3.9 4.0 4.1 IOUS QUA 0.8 0.6 0.8 0.8 0.8	4.6 4.2 4.2 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.2 3.4 3.5 ARTER (%)	5.1 3.8 3.7 3.4 3.2 3.4 3.8 3.8 4.1 1.1 0.4 0.7 1.2 0.9 0.6	(%) 4.0 4.1 3.8 3.7 3.4 3.0 3.8 3.7 3.7 1.1 0.7 1.0 0.9 0.8 0.3	• • • • •

⁽a) Reference base of each index: 2008-09 = 100.0.



WAGE PRICE INDEX: ORDINARY TIME HOURLY RATES OF PAY EXCLUDING BONUSES, Sector by Industry—Index numbers(a): Original

	FINANCIAL	YEAR			QUARTER	!			
Industry	2006–07	2007–08	2008–09	2009–10	Mar Qtr 2010	Jun Qtr 2010	Sep Qtr 2010	Dec Qtr 2010	Mar Qtr 2011
		Р	RIVATE						
Mining	89.5	94.6	100.0	103.6	104.0	105.5	106.1	107.5	108.8
Manufacturing	92.5	96.6	100.0	102.3	102.4	103.4	104.7	105.8	106.5
Electricity, gas, water and waste services	91.6	95.5 05.5	100.0	103.6	104.1	104.9	106.0	107.2	108.3
Construction Wholesale trade	91.2 92.7	95.5 96.1	100.0 100.0	103.3 102.3	103.4 102.3	104.5 102.9	106.0 104.2	106.9 105.7	107.9 106.8
Retail trade	92.7	96.2	100.0	102.8	102.3	102.9	105.2	106.0	106.6
Accommodation and food services	94.4	97.1	100.0	102.3	102.6	103.7	105.2	105.4	106.0
Transport, postal and warehousing	91.8	95.7	100.0	103.8	104.3	104.5	106.1	106.9	107.9
Information media and telecommunications	93.8	97.1	100.0	102.0	102.1	102.6	103.8	104.8	105.7
Financial and insurance services	92.6	96.1	100.0	102.5	103.1	103.7	105.4	106.4	107.5
Rental, hiring and real estate services	92.6	96.7	100.0	102.1	102.4	102.7	104.2	104.7	105.4
Professional, scientific and technical services	90.8	94.9	100.0	103.0	103.3	104.2	106.2	107.0	108.3
Administrative and support services	91.7	96.0	100.0	102.2	102.4	103.1	105.0	105.8	106.3
Public administration and safety	93.1	97.3	100.0	102.5	103.0	103.0	105.3	106.0	106.5
Education and training	91.2	95.3	100.0	104.1	105.3	105.8	106.6	107.1	109.1
Health care and social assistance	93.0	96.6	100.0	103.3	104.0	104.5	106.2	106.9	107.7
Arts and recreation services	92.3	96.3	100.0	102.7	103.1	103.3	104.8	105.5	106.2
Other services	93.1	96.7	100.0	102.3	102.9	103.1	104.6	105.2	106.1
All industries	92.2	96.2	100.0	102.8	103.1	103.8	105.4	106.3	107.2
					• • • • • • •				
		Р	UBLIC						
Electricity, gas, water and waste services	92.0	95.7	100.0	104.9	106.3	106.7	107.6	109.5	109.9
Professional, scientific and technical services	93.1	97.1	100.0	104.3	105.8	106.0	107.9	108.4	103.7
Public administration and safety	92.0	95.8	100.0	104.1	104.8	105.1	107.0	107.9	108.5
Education and training	92.4	96.0	100.0	104.0	105.1	105.6	106.8	107.7	109.3
Health care and social assistance	92.7	96.2	100.0	104.9	105.2	105.7	107.0	108.0	108.5
All industries(b)	92.3	96.0	100.0	104.2	105.0	105.4	106.9	107.8	108.8
	• • • • • • • •	ΔΙΙ	SECTORS	•	• • • • • • • •		• • • • • •		• • • • • •
Mining	89.5	94.6	100.0	103.6	104.0	105.5	106.1	107.5	108.8
Manufacturing	92.5	96.6	100.0	102.4	102.5	103.4	104.7	105.8	106.5
Electricity, gas, water and waste services	91.8	95.7	100.0	104.4	105.4	106.0	107.0	108.6	109.3
Construction Wholesale trade	91.3 92.7	95.6 96.1	100.0 100.0	103.3 102.3	103.4 102.3	104.5 102.9	106.0 104.2	106.9 105.7	107.9 106.8
Retail trade	92.1	96.2	100.0	102.7	102.3	102.9	105.2	105.7	106.5
Accommodation and food services	94.4	97.1	100.0	102.7	102.6	103.0	105.2	105.4	106.0
Transport, postal and warehousing	92.0	95.7	100.0	103.8	104.2	104.4	105.9	106.7	108.0
Information media and telecommunications	93.4	97.0	100.0	102.2	102.3	102.8	103.9	105.0	105.9
Financial and insurance services	92.4	96.2	100.0	102.6	103.2	103.8	105.5	106.5	107.6
Rental, hiring and real estate services	92.6	96.6	100.0	102.6	102.8	103.2	104.7	105.2	105.9
Professional, scientific and technical services	91.0	95.1	100.0	103.1	103.4	104.3	106.3	107.1	108.3
Administrative and support services	91.8	96.0	100.0	102.2	102.4	103.1	105.0	105.9	106.3
Public administration and safety	92.1	95.9	100.0	104.0	104.6	104.9	106.8	107.7	108.4
Education and training	92.1	95.8	100.0	104.0	105.2	105.7	106.7	107.5	109.3
Health care and social assistance	92.9	96.4	100.0	104.0	104.5	105.1	106.5	107.4	108.0
Arts and recreation services	92.7	96.4	100.0	103.0	103.5	103.8	105.3	106.0	106.7
Other services	93.1	96.7	100.0	102.4	103.0	103.2	104.6	105.2	106.1
All industries	92.2	96.1	100.0	103.1	103.5	104.2	105.7	106.6	107.5

⁽a) Reference base of each index: 2008-09 = 100.0.

⁽b) Includes those industries not separately listed.



WAGE PRICE INDEX: ORDINARY TIME HOURLY RATES OF PAY EXCLUDING BONUSES,

Sector by Industry—Percentage changes: Original

FROM CORRESPONDING **OUARTER OF** FROM PREVIOUS FINANCIAL YEAR PREVIOUS YEAR FROM PREVIOUS QUARTER Mar Otr Mar Otr Mar Otr Jun Otr Sep Otr Dec Otr Mar Otr Industry 2007-08 2008-09 2009-10 2009 2010 2011 2010 2010 2010 2011 PRIVATE Mining 5.7 5.7 3.6 5.8 3.4 4.6 1.4 0.6 1.3 1.2 Manufacturing 4.4 3.5 2.3 3.4 2.1 4.0 1.0 1.3 1.1 0.7 Electricity, gas, water and waste services 4.3 4.7 3.6 4.8 3.3 4.0 0.8 1.0 1.1 1.0 Construction 4.7 4.7 3.3 4.9 2.9 4.4 1.1 1.4 0.8 0.9 Wholesale trade 3.7 4.1 2.3 4.2 2.1 4.4 0.6 1.3 1.4 1.0 3.8 Retail trade 4.3 4.0 2.8 2.4 3.4 0.6 1.4 0.8 0.6 Accommodation and food services 2.9 3.0 2.3 3.5 1.8 3.3 0.4 2.0 0.3 0.6 Transport, postal and warehousing 4.2 4.5 3.8 4.8 3.4 3.5 0.2 1.5 0.8 0.9 Information media and telecommunications 3.5 3.0 2.0 2.9 1.8 3.5 0.5 1.2 1.0 0.9 Financial and insurance services 4.1 2.5 4.3 2.7 4.3 0.6 1.6 0.9 1.0 Rental, hiring and real estate services 4.4 3.4 2.1 3.5 1.7 2.9 0.3 1.5 0.5 0.7 Professional, scientific and technical services 4.5 5.4 3.0 5.2 3.0 4.8 0.9 1.9 0.8 1.2 Administrative and support services 4.7 4.2 4.1 0.7 0.5 2.2 1.9 3.8 1.8 0.8 Public administration and safety 4.5 2.8 2.5 2.9 2.5 3.4 0.0 2.2 0.7 0.5 Education and training 4.5 4.9 4.1 5.0 3.9 3.6 0.5 0.8 0.5 1.9 Health care and social assistance 3.9 3.5 3.3 3.6 3.4 3.6 0.5 1.6 0.7 0.7 Arts and recreation services 4.3 3.8 2.7 3.8 2.7 3.0 0.2 1.5 0.7 0.7 Other services 3.9 34 2.3 3.3 2.4 3.1 0.2 1.5 0.6 0.9 All industries 4.0 4.0 2.6 4.0 0.7 2.8 1.5 0.9 0.8 PUBLIC Electricity, gas, water and waste services 4.0 4.5 4.9 4.9 5.5 3.4 0.4 0.8 1.8 0.4 Professional, scientific and technical services 4.3 3.0 4.3 4.3 4.4 2.7 0.2 1.8 0.5 0.3 Public administration and safety 4.4 4.2 3.5 0.3 1.8 8.0 0.6 4.1 4.4 4.1 Education and training 3.9 4.2 4.0 4.4 4.4 4.0 0.5 1.1 0.8 1.5 Health care and social assistance 3.8 4.0 4.9 4.8 4.1 3.1 0.5 1.2 0.9 0.5 4.2 4.4 4.3 0.4 All industries(a) 0.9 ALL SECTORS Mining 5.7 5.7 3.6 5.8 3.4 4.6 1.4 0.6 1.3 1.2 3.5 2.4 3.5 2.2 0.9 1.3 0.7 Manufacturing 4.4 3.9 1.1 Electricity, gas, water and waste services 4.2 4.5 4.4 4.8 4.6 3.7 0.6 0.9 0.6 1.5 2.9 Construction 4.7 4.6 3.3 4.9 1.1 0.8 0.9 4.4 1.4 Wholesale trade 3.7 4.1 2.3 4.2 2.1 4.4 0.6 1.3 1.4 1.0 Retail trade 4.5 4.0 2.7 3.8 2.4 0.5 0.7 0.6 3.3 1.5 Accommodation and food services 2.9 3.0 2.3 3.5 1.8 3.3 0.4 2.0 0.3 0.6 Transport, postal and warehousing 4.0 4.5 3.8 4.7 3.4 0.2 1.4 0.8 1.2 Information media and telecommunications 2.9 2.0 0.5 0.9 3.9 3.1 2.2 3.5 1.1 1.1 Financial and insurance services 4.0 2.6 4.0 2.9 4.3 0.6 0.9 1.0 4.1 1.6 Rental, hiring and real estate services 4.3 3.5 2.6 3.6 2.2 3.0 0.4 1.5 0.5 0.7 Professional, scientific and technical services 4.5 5.2 3.1 5.2 3.0 4.7 0.9 1.9 0.8 1.1 Administrative and support services 2.2 4.0 1.9 3.8 0.7 1.8 0.9 0.4 Public administration and safety 3.9 4.1 4.3 4.0 4.4 3.6 0.3 1.8 0.8 0.6 4.4 4.0 4.3 Education and training 4.0 4.6 3.9 0.5 0.9 0.7 1.7 Health care and social assistance 3.8 3.7 4.0 4.1 3.7 3.3 0.6 1.3 0.8 0.6 Arts and recreation services 4.0 3.7 3.0 3.8 3.0 3.1 0.3 1.4 0.7 0.7 0.2 3.9 3.3 2.5 Other services 2.4 3.0 1.4 0.6 0.9 All industries 3.1 4.2 2.9 0.7 0.8

⁽a) Includes those industries not separately listed.

EXPLANATORY NOTES

INTRODUCTION

- **1** This publication contains indexes measuring changes in the price of labour in the Australian labour market.
- 2 The methodology used to construct the wage, non-wage and labour price indexes (LPI) is similar to that used for other price indexes such as the Consumer Price Index. In the LPI, index numbers are compiled using information collected from a representative sample of employee jobs within a sample of employing organisations. Individual indexes are compiled for various combinations of state/territory, sector (private/public) and broad industry group. Industry is classified according to the *Australian and New Zealand Standard Industrial Classification (ANZSIC) 2006* (cat. no. 1292.0). Prior to September quarter 2009, the ANZSIC 1993 version of the classification was used. Wage price indexes for broad occupation groups have been discontinued with the last data in the series relating to the September quarter 2008. Appendix 3 of the December quarter 2008 edition of this publication outlines where to find historical data for occupation based indexes. That appendix also contains a concordance between the old and new publication tables as a result of these series ceasing. For more detailed information on the methodology used in the construction of the LPI, refer to *Labour Price Index: Concepts, Sources and Methods* (cat. no. 6351.0.55.001).

PUBLISHED INDEXES

- **3** Four wage price indexes are constructed and published quarterly. These indexes were first compiled for the September quarter 1997, and cover:
 - ordinary time hourly rates of pay excluding bonuses index
 - ordinary time hourly rates of pay including bonuses index
- total hourly rates of pay excluding bonuses index
- total hourly rates of pay including bonuses index.
 In these indexes the term 'bonuses' refers to bonuses and commissions.
- **4** Four non-wage price indexes are constructed. These are financial year indexes and were first compiled for the 2001–02 financial year. The non-wage indexes cover:
 - annual and public holiday leave
 - superannuation
 - payroll tax
 - workers' compensation.
- **5** From the individual wage and non-wage components a labour price index can be constructed. Two versions of the labour price index are produced and, like the non-wage price indexes, they are financial year indexes (first compiled for 2001–02):
 - labour price index excluding bonuses
 - labour price index including bonuses.
- **6** The full set of LPI's is updated annually in the September quarter LPI publication. In all other quarters a summary LPI table is published as an appendix to the publication.

DESIGN OF THE INDEXES

BROAD DESCRIPTION

- **7** The wage, non-wage and labour price indexes measure changes over time in the price of labour unaffected by changes in the quality or quantity of work performed. A range of procedures have been developed to identify and measure quality and quantity changes and ensure that only pure price changes are reflected in the indexes.
- **8** Price-determining characteristics of the jobs are detailed in fixed pricing specifications and any changes in labour payments due to changes in the pricing specifications do not contribute to index movements. The following are examples of changes in price-determining characteristics which are not reflected in index movements:
 - changes in the nature of work performed (e.g. different tasks or responsibilities)
 - changes in the quantity of work performed (e.g. the number of hours worked)

BROAD DESCRIPTION continued

- changes in the characteristics of the job occupant (e.g. age, apprenticeship year, successful completion of training or a qualification, grade or level, experience, length of service, etc.)
- changes in the location where the work is performed.
- **9** Changes in the price of labour resulting from changes in the composition of the labour market are also excluded from index movements. To achieve this, price movements for each segment of the labour market (defined by state/territory, sector and industry) are combined using expenditure weights that remain constant between successive weighting base periods.

WAGE PRICE INDEXES

- **10** The *ordinary time bourly rates of pay indexes* that *exclude bonuses* measure quarterly changes in ordinary time hourly wage and salary rates. Changes in rates of pay reflected in these indexes (i.e. pure price changes) arise from a range of sources including award variations, enterprise and workplace agreements, minimum wage setting, individual contracts and informal arrangements.
- **11** These indexes are not affected by changes in:
 - penalty payments for overtime, shifts, weekends and public holidays (which fluctuate depending on the number of hours paid at penalty rates)
 - allowances (which fluctuate according to how much work is performed under special work conditions e.g. height, dirt, heat allowances)
 - bonus payments (which may, or may not, relate to an individual's work performance).
 - These payments are specifically excluded when calculating ordinary time hourly wage and salary rates.
- 12 The effect of rolling ordinary time penalty payments and allowances into ordinary time hourly rates is excluded from these indexes. However, when overtime penalty payments are rolled into ordinary time hourly rates, the ordinary time indexes will increase accordingly.
- **13** The *total bourly rates of pay indexes* that *exclude* bonuses are based on a weighted combination of ordinary time hourly wage and salary rates (described in paragraphs 10 and 11) and overtime hourly rates. As a result, the total hourly indexes reflect changes in both the ordinary time and overtime hourly rates. However, the effect of changes in the amount of overtime paid at each overtime rate is not shown in these indexes.
- **14** Only those indexes that *exclude* bonuses and commissions are pure price indexes because bonus and commission payments can reflect changes in the quality of work performed. No attempt is made to remove this quality element from the indexes that include bonuses and commissions.
- **15** A review of the treatment of bonuses and commissions resulted in methodological changes in the March quarter 2006. Details of these changes and the likely impact on the indexes that include bonuses and commissions can be found in each of the 2006 editions of this publication.

NON-WAGE PRICE INDEXES

- **16** The *annual and public boliday leave index* is calculated using both ordinary time hourly wage and salary rates, and the amount of annual and public holiday leave offered by employers. Pure price changes in either of these variables will reflect in the index. The index specifically prices leave *entitlements* and therefore will not show changes due to fluctuations in the actual amount of leave taken by job occupants.
- **17** The *superannuation index* is calculated using ordinary time hourly wage and salary rates, and the rate of superannuation that is paid by employers. Pure price changes in either of these variables will be reflected in the index. Superannuation payments equal to and above the legislated minimum specified in the *Superannuation Guarantee Act*

NON-WAGE PRICE INDEXES continued

1992 are included in the index. Amounts that are salary sacrificed to superannuation are included in the wage price indexes and not the superannuation index.

- 18 The *payroll tax and workers' compensation indexes* are calculated differently to the other wage and non-wage indexes. As these costs are both levied at the employer level, the indexes are calculated using total payroll information rather than rates of pay data. The separate indexes are derived by applying either payroll tax rates/thresholds or workers' compensation premium rates to the total payroll data. The indexes reflect pure price changes in total payroll and either changes in the payroll tax rates/thresholds or workers' compensation premium rates.
- **19** Data quality concerns exist in relation to the workers' compensation premium rates for the ACT private sector. Until these concerns are resolved, these data will be imputed based on industry averages across Australia. Workers' compensation index numbers for the ACT private sector will not be published separately.

LABOUR PRICE INDEXES

20 Two labour price indexes (one including bonuses and one excluding them) are constructed from the individual wage and non-wage components. As with the wage price indexes, only the labour price index that excludes bonuses is a pure price index because bonuses tend to reflect, at least partly, changes in the quality of work performed.

SCOPE AND COVERAGE

- **21** The target population of employers for the LPI is all employing organisations in Australia (private and public sectors) except:
 - enterprises primarily engaged in agriculture, forestry or fishing
 - private households employing staff
 - foreign embassies, consulates, etc.
- 22 A sample redesign of the LPI was undertaken and the outcome implemented from December quarter 2009. A result of this review was to stop collecting data on a quarterly basis from micro businesses (0-4 employment). The size and frequency of pay changes for jobs in micro businesses was found to be the same as businesses with employment of five or more. Therefore, micro businesses are now treated as being out of coverage of the LPI but remain in scope through their continued inclusion in the expenditure weights used in compiling the LPI. The introduction of this change does not impact what the LPI is measuring.
- **23** All employee jobs in the target population of employers are in scope of the LPI, except the following:
 - Australian permanent defence force jobs
 - non-salaried directors
 - proprietors/partners of unincorporated businesses
 - persons paid by commission only
 - working proprietors/owner managers of Pty Ltd companies
 - employees on workers' compensation who are not paid through the payroll
 - 'non-maintainable' jobs (i.e. jobs that are expected to be occupied for less than six months of a year)
 - jobs for which wages and salaries are not determined by the Australian labour market (e.g. most employees of Community Development Employment Programs, or jobs where the remuneration is set in a foreign country).
- **24** As such, full-time, part-time, permanent, casual, managerial and non-managerial jobs are in scope of the LPI. Costs incurred by employers for work undertaken by self-employed persons such as consultants and subcontractors are out-of-scope of the LPI, as they do not relate to employee jobs.

DATA COLLECTION

- **25** Information for the wage price indexes is collected each quarter by mail questionnaires from a sample survey of private and public sector employers selected from the ABS Business Register. The survey reference date is the last pay period ending on or before the third Friday of the middle month of the quarter, except for bonuses which are collected in respect to those paid during the three month period ending on the third Friday of the middle month of the quarter. In the first quarter they participate in the survey, each employer selects a sample of jobs from their workplace(s) using sampling instructions provided by the ABS, and provides information for these jobs, including detailed pricing specifications. In subsequent quarters they are asked to provide details of payments made to the current occupants of these same jobs. It is essential that the same jobs are priced in successive quarters, whether the individual job occupants are the same or not. Approximately 18,000 matched jobs are priced each quarter from the selected employers.
- 26 The sampling method retains the highest possible common sample of employers over time, and retains the same sampled jobs within those employers where possible. However, it is also necessary to ensure the LPI continues to be relevant and representative over time. For these reasons, the employer sample is refreshed annually (for the December quarter) in a way that ensures a high proportion of common selections while allowing new employers to be represented in the sample. Refreshing the sample also allows the ABS to control the length of time that small businesses are included in the sample.
- **27** Between each annual refresh of the employer sample, a small number of employee jobs will be lost from the survey sample because of the closure of some businesses. In addition, some jobs in continuing businesses will be replaced in the sample because of restructuring and other job changes.
- 28 Annual leave and superannuation information is collected from the same job sample as that used to construct the wage price indexes. However, data are only collected annually as part of the June quarter LPI survey. Changes in the job sample due to factors such as the annual refreshing of the employer sample, together with the requirement of pricing the same jobs in successive years, reduces the number of matched jobs used to calculate the annual and public holiday leave index and the superannuation index compared with the matched jobs underlying the wage price indexes.
- **29** Information from administrative and other ABS data sources is used to construct the payroll tax and workers' compensation indexes, as well as the public holiday component of the annual and public holiday leave index.
- 30 In the LPI, as with other price indexes, expenditure weights are used to combine elementary aggregates into broader level indexes. Expenditure weights reflect changes in the distribution of the number of employee jobs among industries, states/territories and sectors, as well as changes in labour cost relativities. These weights are derived from independent estimates of labour costs for each elementary aggregate. The estimates are sourced from other ABS surveys. The main source of estimates for updating expenditure weights in LPI is the Survey of Major Labour Costs (MLC). However, due to the time that has elapsed since the last MLC survey was conducted, estimates from the biennial Survey of Employee Earnings and Hours (EEH) are being used. The 2010 EEH has been used for the December quarter 2010 update. The use of an alternative source was considered necessary to ensure the most contemporary pattern of employer expenditure for labour among each segment of the labour market (elementary aggregate) was used. Appendix 1 shows the distribution of employers' expenditure on wages and salaries, updated in December quarter 2010.

WEIGHTING

WEIGHTING continued

31 To facilitate comparison of index numbers over time, the published indexes are not re-referenced (i.e. reset to 100.0) each time this re-weighting occurs. Instead, the series based on the old expenditure weights and that based on the new weights are linked via an arithmetic calculation, which is referred to as chaining. This provides a continuous series from the commencement of the index, while incorporating the updated expenditure weights.

INTERPRETATION OF INDEX

32 Index numbers in this publication measure changes in the price of labour between the commencement of the series and a later period. Index number levels cannot be compared across states/territories as they do not provide comparative information on the relative levels of labour costs. Similarly, index number levels cannot be compared across sectors or industries. The usefulness of index numbers stems from the fact that index numbers for any two periods can be used to directly calculate the change or movement in the price of labour between the two periods. These *movements* can be compared across states/territories, sectors or industries.

PERCENTAGE CHANGE AND

33 The published index numbers have been rounded to one decimal place, and the percentage changes (also rounded to one decimal place) are calculated from the rounded index numbers. In some cases, this can result in the percentage change for the total level of a group of indexes being outside the range of the percentage changes for the component level indexes. Seasonally adjusted and trend quarterly estimates are calculated from unrounded original indexes. The percentage changes (rounded to one decimal place) are calculated from the rounded index numbers.

INDEX MOVEMENTS

- **34** Movements in indexes from one period to another can be expressed either as changes in index points or as percentage changes. In this publication, percentage changes are calculated to illustrate three different kinds of movements in indexes:
 - movements between consecutive quarters
 - movements between corresponding quarters of consecutive years (i.e. changes 'through the year')
 - movements between consecutive financial years.
- **35** The following example illustrates the method of calculating changes in index points and percentage changes between any two periods:

Total hourly rates of pay excluding bonuses, All Sectors, Australia

Index numbers, trend (see table 1)

March quarter 2011 107.6 less March quarter 2010 103.5 Change in index points 4.1

Percentage change $4.1/103.5 \times 100 = 4.0\%$

FINANCIAL YEAR INDEXES

36 Index numbers for financial years are calculated as simple (arithmetic) averages of the four quarterly index numbers for the financial year. As the wage price indexes were first produced for the September quarter 1997, the first financial year index number that can be calculated is for 1997–98. Consequently, the first percentage change between financial years that can be calculated is between 1997–98 and 1998–99. The following example illustrates the method of calculating the financial year index number for 2009–10:

Total bourly rates of pay excluding bonuses, Australia

Index numbers, original (see table 2)

 September quarter 2009
 102.0

 plus December quarter 2009
 102.7

 plus March quarter 2010
 103.6

 plus June quarter 2010
 104.2

Financial year 2009–10 412.5/4 = 103.1

FINANCIAL YEAR INDEXES continued

SEASONALLY ADJUSTED INDEXES

- **37** Percentage changes between the index numbers for any two financial years can be calculated using the method outlined in paragraph 35 above.
- **38** Seasonally adjusted estimates are derived by estimating and removing systematic calendar related effects from the original series. In most economic data these calendar related effects are a combination of the classical seasonal influences (e.g. the effect of the weather, social traditions or administrative practices) plus other kinds of calendar related variations, such as the number of trading days, Easter or the proximity of significant days in the year (e.g. Christmas). In the seasonal adjustment process, both seasonal and other calendar related factors evolve over time to reflect changes in activity patterns. The seasonally adjusted estimates reflect the sampling and non-sampling errors to which the original estimates are subject.
- **39** The *total bourly rates of pay excluding bonuses index* is the only index of the LPI that is seasonally adjusted. Institutional effects largely drive the seasonality of this index. Important factors in determining this seasonality are the timing of effect of agreements, the length of these agreements, and the timing of the implementation of significant wage determinations that impact on rates of pay. A significant institutional change in wage setting arrangements can affect the relative level (or trend) and seasonality of the index.
- **40** Prior to 2006, the Australian Industrial Relations Commission (AIRC) handed down annual Safety Net Review (SNR) decisions which set federal full-time minimum award rates. Since the commencement of the wage price index, the SNR contributed to the level of the wage price index. Most of its impact on the wage price index was in the September quarter with some residual effect in the December quarter each year. This impact contributed to the level of seasonality for those quarters. As a result of industrial relations changes associated with WorkChoices there was no SNR decision in 2006. The setting of federal minimum wage rates became the responsibility of the Australian Fair Pay Commission (AFPC).
- **41** The AFPC's first decision was handed down on 26 October 2006 with a date of effect of 1 December 2006. The impact on the wage price index of the first AFPC ruling was mainly in the March quarter 2007. From 2007 to 2009, AFPC determinations have impacted the December quarter wage price index.
- **42** On 1 July 2009 Fair Work Australia began operations as part of a new national workplace relations system underpinned by the Fair Work Act 2009. In June 2010 Fair Work Australia announced its first annual minimum wage decision: an increase of \$26 a week, effective from 1 July 2010. The increase in minimum wage rates impacted the wage price index in the September quarter 2010.
- **43** Fair Work Australia minimum wage decisions are expected to continue to take effect in the September quarter of each year for the foreseeable future. This change in timing of minimum wage decisions is expected to see the original index increase more in the September quarter than in other quarters. To account for the change in timing, the seasonally adjusted and trend series have been reanalysed. The new series have been calculated to remove the influence of the different timing of minimum wage decisions in any year on the wage price index.

CONCURRENT SEASONAL ANALYSIS

44 The LPI uses a concurrent seasonal adjustment methodology to derive the adjustment factors. This method uses the original time series available at each reference period to estimate seasonal factors for the current and previous quarters. Concurrent seasonal adjustment is technically superior to the more traditional method of reanalysing seasonal patterns once each year because it uses all available data to fine tune the estimates of the seasonal component each quarter. With concurrent analysis, the seasonally adjusted series are subject to revision each quarter as the estimates of the seasonal factors are improved. In most instances, the only significant revisions will be to

CONCURRENT SEASONAL
ANALYSIS continued

the combined adjustment factors for the previous quarter and for the same quarter in the preceding year as the reference quarter (i.e. if the latest quarter is Q_t then the most significant revisions will be to $Q_{t\text{-}1}$ and $Q_{t\text{-}4}$). Seasonal patterns are also reanalysed when there are known changes to regular events. This can lead to additional revisions.

ARIMA MODELLING

45 Recently, the ABS has implemented improved methods of producing seasonally adjusted estimates, focused on the application of Autoregressive Integrated Moving Averages (ARIMA) modelling techniques. ARIMA modelling is a technique that can be used to extend original estimates beyond the end of a time series. The extended values are temporary, intermediate values, that are used internally to improve seasonal adjustment. They do not affect the original estimates and are discarded at the end of the seasonal adjustment process. The use of ARIMA modelling generally results in a reduction in revisions to the seasonally adjusted estimates when subsequent data becomes available. ARIMA modelling in the LPI was introduced in June quarter 2008. For more information on the details of ARIMA modelling see the feature article 'Use of ARIMA modelling to reduce revisions' in the October 2004 issue of *Australian Economic Indicators* (cat. no. 1350.0).

TREND ESTIMATES

- **46** The trend is a measure of the underlying direction of a series. The ABS trend estimates for the wage price index are derived by applying a 7-term Henderson-weighted moving average to all quarters of the respective seasonally adjusted indexes except the first three and last three quarters. Trend estimates are created for these quarters by applying surrogates of the 7-term Henderson weighted moving average to the seasonally adjusted indexes, tailored to each time series. In general, trend estimates give a better indication of underlying behaviour than the seasonally adjusted estimates. Please refer to the ABS Information Paper, *A Guide to Interpreting Time Series Monitoring Trends* (cat. no. 1349.0).
- 47 Increases in minimum wage rates contribute to the relative level (or trend) of the wage price index. A review of the seasonally adjusted series was undertaken in the September quarter 2010 to remove the impacts of the different timing of the increases in minimum wage rates. A trend break correction has been applied between June quarter and September quarter 2009 to remove the shift in the underlying level as a result of no increase to minimum wage rates being awarded in 2009.

REFERENCE BASE PERIOD

- 48 The reference base period of an index series is that period for which the value of the index is set to 100.0. It is most commonly a year but can also be a different length of time, ranging from two or three years down to a single quarter. It often coincides with the weighting base for the series, but this is not essential. The September quarter 1997 was used as the original reference base for the wage price indexes as it was the first quarter for which data was available. With the introduction of the non-wage indexes, the reference base was changed to 2003–04.
- **49** With the implementation of the Australian and New Zealand Standard Industrial Classification 2006, all indexes are presented on a reference base of 2008–09. An explanation of the re-referencing process is included in Appendix 2.

REVISIONS TO INDEXES

50 Original index numbers will be released as final figures at the time they are first published. Revisions will only occur in exceptional circumstances. Trend and seasonally adjusted indexes for some quarters will be revised as extra quarters are included in the series analysed for seasonal influences (see paragraphs 38 to 47).

RELATED PUBLICATIONS

51 Users may also wish to refer to the following publications which are available free

RELATED PUBLICATIONS continued

on the ABS website :

Labour Price Index: Concepts, Sources and Methods, (cat. no. 6351.0.55.001)
Information Paper: Update on ANZSIC 2006 Implementation for Labour Price
Index, Australia, 2009, (cat. no. 6345.0.55.001)

Consumer Price Index, Australia, (cat. no. 6401.0)

House Price Indexes, Eight Capital Cities, (cat. no. 6416.0)

International Trade Price Indexes, Australia, (cat. no. 6457.0)

Producer Price Indexes, Australia, (cat. no. 6427.0)

Australian Consumer Price Index: Concepts, Sources and Methods, (cat. no. 6461.0)

Producer and International Trade Price Indexes: Concepts, Sources and Methods, (cat no. 6429.0)

Australian Labour Market Statistics, (cat. no. 6105.0)

52 Current publications and other products released by the ABS are listed on the ABS website http://www.abs.gov.au. The ABS also issues a daily Release Advice on the website which details products to be released in the week ahead.

ABS DATA AVAILABLE ON REQUEST

53 As well as the statistics included in this and related publications, the ABS may have other relevant data available on request. Inquiries should be made to Kathryn Parlor on Perth (08) 9360 5151 or the National Information and Referral Service on 1300 135 070.

AS UPDATED DECEMBER
QUARTER 2010

A1 DISTRIBUTION OF EMPLOYERS' EXPENDITURE ON WAGES(a)(b)

	Private	Public	Total
	%	%	%
Australia by sector			
Australia	75.5	24.5	100.0
Sector by State/Territory			
New South Wales	33.8	29.0	32.6
Victoria	25.3	20.4	24.1
Queensland	18.7	19.4	18.9
South Australia	6.3	7.8	6.7
Western Australia	11.9	11.5	11.8
Tasmania	1.5	2.7	1.8
Northern Territory	1.0	1.9	1.2
Australian Capital Territory	1.6	7.2	3.0
Australia	100.0	100.0	100.0
Sector by broad industry group(c)			
Mining	4.4	(d)	3.3
Manufacturing	13.1	(d)	9.9
Electricity, gas, water and waste services	8.0	4.4	1.7
Construction	9.2	(d)	7.0
Wholesale trade	6.6	(d)	5.0
Retail trade	8.2	(d)	6.2
Accommodation and food services	4.5	(d)	3.4
Transport, postal and warehousing	5.0	(d)	5.3
Information media and telecommunications	2.9	(d)	2.3
Financial and insurance services	7.9	(d)	6.2
Rental, hiring and real estate services	2.3	(d)	1.8
Professional, scientific and technical services	11.0	2.1	8.8
Administrative and support services	6.0	(d)	4.6
Public administration and safety	0.9	33.8	9.0
Education and training	3.7	28.4	9.8
Health care and social assistance	8.4	21.6	11.7
Arts and recreation services	1.2	(d)	1.2
Other services	3.8	(d)	2.9
All industries	100.0	100.0	100.0

⁽a) See paragraphs 30-31 of the Explanatory Notes.

⁽b) Components may not sum to 100.0 due to rounding.

⁽c) Classified according to the Australian and New Zealand Standard Industrial Classification (ANZSIC), 2006 (cat. no. 1292.0).

⁽d) For the public sector, these industries are combined and included in the 'All Industries' total.

APPENDIX 2 RE-REFERENCING THE WAGE PRICE INDEX

REFERENCE BASE

The reference base of an index series is that period for which the value of the index is set to 100.0. With the introduction of the 2006 edition of ANZSIC, all indexes are now presented on a reference base of 2008-09. Since the September quarter 2004, the LPI has used a reference base of 2003-04=100.0. Prior to this time the reference base for the wage price indexes was September quarter 1997. This was the first quarter for which data was available.

CONVERTING A SERIES TO
THE NEW REFERENCE BASE

The conversion of series from the old base to the new base involves a rescaling of the index numbers. The conversion factor that should be applied to the index numbers is calculated by obtaining the ratio of the index numbers on the old and new bases for the new reference period.

The conversion factor is calculated using the *unrounded* index number for the 2008–09 financial year. The calculation of financial year indexes is outlined in paragraph 35 of the Explanatory Notes.

For example, for the *total bourly rates of pay excluding bonuses index* for Australia, an arithmetic conversion factor is obtained as follows:

Index number for financial year 2008–09 (on base 2003–04 = 100.0) is 121.775 Index number for financial year 2008–09 (on base 2008–09 = 100.0) is 100.0 Conversion factor = 100/121.775 = 0.8212

The factor may be multiplied by any *total bourly rates of pay excluding bonuses index* number for Australia on the old reference base to give the corresponding number on the new reference base. The procedure shown in the above example may be followed in respect of any specific index series for which index numbers have been published on the old reference base, with the exception of industry index series. It is not appropriate to convert the ANZSIC 1993 industry series on the 2003–04 reference base in previous issues to the 2008–09 reference base using this method.

Index numbers and percentage changes are always published to one decimal place, with the percentage changes being calculated from the rounded index numbers. Index numbers for periods longer than a single quarter (e.g. for financial years) are calculated as the simple arithmetic average of the relevant rounded quarterly index numbers. The conversion factor described above is applied to the rounded index numbers.

A consequence of re-referencing price indexes can be that period to period percentage changes calculated using re-referenced index number series may differ slightly from those calculated using the original series. These differences do not constitute a revision of the index but simply reflect the effect of rounding.

The conversion of series from the new base to the old base also involves a rescaling of the index numbers. The rescaling factor is obtained by taking the inverse of the previously described scaling factor.

For example, for the *total bourly rates of pay excluding bonuses index* for Australia, the rescaling factor is obtained as follows:

Index number for financial year 2008–09 (on base 2003–04 = 100.0) is 121.775 Index number for financial year 2008–09 (on base 2008–09 = 100.0) is 100.0 Conversion factor = 121.775/100 = 1.2178

The factor may be multiplied by any *total bourly rates of pay excluding bonuses index* number for Australia on the new reference base to give the corresponding number on the old reference base. As mentioned above, the industry price index series in previous issues should not be converted due to the use of two different industry classifications.

Conversion factors for most of the published *total bourly rates of pay excluding bonuses indexes* are provided in table A2. Additional factors can be obtained using the formulas above or by contacting Kathryn Parlor on Perth (08) 9360 5151.

ROUNDING

CONVERTING THE
RE-REFERENCED SERIES
BACK TO THE PREVIOUS
BASE

CONVERSION FACTORS

FACTORS USED TO CONVERT INDEX NUMBERS, from old reference base (2003-04 financial year = 100.0)— to new reference base (2008-09 financial year = 100.0)

	Private	Public	All sectors
Australia	0.8242	0.8122	0.8212
Sector by State/Territory New South Wales Victoria Oueensland	0.8349 0.8294 0.8155	0.8119 0.8259 0.8055	0.8292 0.8285 0.8128
South Australia Western Australia Tasmania Northern Territory Australian Capital Territory	0.8294 0.7842 0.8236 0.8120 0.8302	0.8071 0.8013 0.8021 0.8300 0.8105	0.8234 0.7880 0.8165 0.8195 0.8173
Sector by Industry(a) Mining Manufacturing Electricity, gas, water and waste services Construction Wholesale trade Retail trade Accommodation and food services Transport, postal and warehousing Information media and telecommunications Financial and insurance services Rental, hiring and real estate services Professional, scientific and technical services Administrative and support services Public administration and safety Education and training Health care and social assistance Arts and recreation services Other services	0.7720 0.8263 0.8073 0.7885 0.8328 0.8395 0.8660 0.8270 0.8493 0.8213 0.8393 0.8058 0.8395 0.8303 0.8208 0.8353 0.8365	0.7940 0.7940 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.8180 0.8110 0.8043 0.8200	0.7720 0.8248 0.7988 0.7895 0.8328 0.8393 0.8660 0.8255 0.8195 0.8358 0.8068 0.8395 0.8118 0.8045 0.8203 0.8358 0.8358

^{..} not applicable

⁽a) Classified according to the Australian and New Zealand Standard Industrial Classification (ANZSIC) 2006 (cat. no. 1292.0)

NON-WAGE AND LABOUR PRICE INDEXES

NON-WAGE AND LABOUR PRICE INDEXES(a), Sector

	INDEX NU	MBERS(b)			CHANGE F	ROM PREVIO	DUS
	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10
• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • •		• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •		• • • • • •
	A	ANNUAL	AND PUE	BLIC HOL	IDAY LEAVE		
Private	95.1	100.5	100.0	105.9	5.7	-0.5	5.9
Public	93.9	99.3	100.0	106.9	5.8	0.7	6.9
All sectors	94.7	100.3	100.0	106.2	5.9	-0.3	6.2
• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • •		• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •		• • • • • •
			SUPERA	NNUATIO	N		
Private	92.2	96.4	100.0	103.1	4.6	3.7	3.1
Public	92.3	96.4	100.0	104.5	4.4	3.7	4.5
All sectors	92.3	96.4	100.0	103.4	4.4	3.7	3.4
• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •		• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •
			PAYR	OLL TAX			
Private	93.8	98.0	100.0	101.1	4.5	2.0	1.1
Public	94.6	98.0	100.0	103.0	3.6	2.0	3.0
All sectors	94.0	98.0	100.0	101.5	4.3	2.0	1.5
	• • • • • • •	• • • • • •		• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •		
WORKERS' COMPENSATION							
Private	106.1	101.1	100.0	104.4	-4.7	-1.1	4.4
Public	105.7	100.5	100.0	105.5	-4.9	-0.5	5.5
All sectors	106.0	101.0	100.0	104.6	-4.7	-1.0	4.6
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •							
	LAB	OUR PR	ICE INDE	X EXCLU	DING BONUS	ES	
Private	92.8	96.6	100.0	103.0	4.1	3.5	3.0
Public	92.7	96.4	100.0	104.5	4.0	3.7	4.5
All sectors	92.8	96.6	100.0	103.4	4.1	3.5	3.4

⁽a) Refer to paragraphs 16-20 of Explanatory Notes for a description of the indexes.

⁽b) Reference base of each index: 2008-09 = 100.0

GLOSSARY

Annual and public holiday Measures changes in the price of annual and public holiday leave (see Explanatory Notes

leave index paragraph 16).

Bonuses Payments made to a job occupant that are in addition to regular wages and salaries and

which generally relate to the job occupant's, or the organisation's, performance. In the

LPI, the term 'bonuses' refers to bonuses and commissions.

Elementary aggregates The finest aggregations of jobs, in terms of state/territory, sector and industry group, for

which expenditure weights are available.

Employee job A job for which the occupant receives remuneration in wages, salary, payment in kind, or

piece rates.

Employer Organisation with one or more employees.

Expenditure weights A measure of the relative importance of each elementary aggregate, based on employers'

total expenditure on the LPI component being considered (e.g. wages and salaries, superannuation, etc.). Expenditure weights are used to combine elementary aggregate

indexes into broader level indexes.

Index number Measures the ratio of the price of labour between the commencement of the index series

and a later period.

Industry Classified according to the Australian and New Zealand Standard Industrial

Classification (ANZSIC), 2006 (cat. no. 1292.0).

Labour price index Measures changes in the price of labour. Includes wages and salaries, overtime, bonuses

(only in the labour price including bonuses index), annual and public holiday leave, superannuation, payroll tax and workers' compensation (see Explanatory Notes

paragraph 20).

Ordinary time hourly rates of

pay index

Measures quarterly change in ordinary time hourly rates of pay (see Explanatory Notes

paragraphs 10 and 11).

Ordinary time hours Award, standard or agreed hours of work paid for at the ordinary rate.

Overtime hours The number of hours paid for in excess of ordinary time hours.

Payroll tax index Measures changes in the price of payroll tax (see Explanatory Notes paragraph 18).

Reference base period The period for which an index series is given the value of 100.0. The current reference

base for the LPI is the 2008-09 financial year.

Reference date The reference date for this survey is the last pay period ending on or before the third

Friday of the middle month of the quarter, except for bonuses which are collected in respect to those paid during the three month period ending on the third Friday of the

middle month of the quarter.

Sector Public sector comprises local government authorities and all government departments

and agencies created by, or reporting to, the Commonwealth, or state/territory

parliaments. The private sector comprises all organisations not classified as public sector.

Seasonal adjustment Process of removing systematic calendar related effects from the original series (see

Explanatory Notes paragraphs 38-45, 50).

Superannuation index Measures changes in the price of superannuation (see Explanatory Notes paragraph 17).

Total hourly rates of pay index Measures quarterly change in combined ordinary time and overtime hourly rates of pay

(see Explanatory Notes paragraph 13).

Trend A measure of the underlying direction of a series (see Explanatory Notes paragraphs

46-47, 50).

Wage price index Measures changes in the price of wages.

Weighting base The period to which the expenditure weights relate.

GLOSSARY continued

Workers'	compensation	indev
WOLKELS	combensation	maex

Measures changes in the price of workers' compensation (see Explanatory Notes paragraphs 18 and 19).

FOR MORE INFORMATION .

INTERNET

www.abs.gov.au the ABS website is the best place for data from our publications and information about the ABS.

INFORMATION AND REFERRAL SERVICE

Our consultants can help you access the full range of information published by the ABS that is available free of charge from our website. Information tailored to your needs can also be requested as a 'user pays' service. Specialists are on hand to help you with analytical or methodological advice.

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